



Agenzia nazionale per le nuove tecnologie, l'energia
e lo sviluppo economico sostenibile



Ministero dello Sviluppo Economico

RICERCA DI SISTEMA ELETTRICO

VITENDF70.BOLIB – An ENEA-Bologna Fine_Group Coupled (199 n + 42 γ)
Cross Section Library in AMPX Format Based on ENDF/B – VII.0 Data

M. Pescarini, V. Sinitsa, R. Orsi, M. Frisoni

Report RdS/2012/01

VITENDF70.BOLIB – An ENEA-Bologna Fine_Group Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in AMPX Format Based on ENDF/B – VII.0 Data

M. Pescarini, R. Orsi, M. Frisoni, ENEA, V. Sinitsa, ENEA Consultant

Settembre 2012

Report Ricerca di Sistema Elettrico

Accordo di Programma Ministero dello Sviluppo Economico - ENEA

Area: Governo, gestione e sviluppo del sistema elettrico nazionale

Progetto: Nuovo nucleare da fissione: collaborazioni internazionali e sviluppo competenze in materia nucleare

Responsabile del Progetto: Paride Meloni, ENEA

Titolo

**VITENDF70.BOLIB - An ENEA-Bologna Fine-Group
Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library
in AMPX Format Based on ENDF/B-VII.0 Data**

Descrittori

Tipologia del documento: Rapporto tecnico
Collocazione contrattuale: Accordo di Programma ENEA-MSE: tema di ricerca "Nuovo nucleare da fissione"
Argomenti trattati: Fisica nucleare, dati nucleari, fisica dei reattori nucleari

Sommario

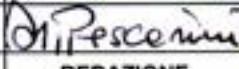
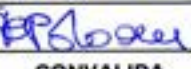
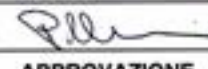
The ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group produced the VITENDF70.BOLIB multi-group coupled (199 n + 42 γ) cross section library in AMPX format, based on the ENDF/B-VII.0 US evaluated nuclear data library. The generation of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library for nuclear fission applications was conceived as an updating of the ENDF/B-VI Release 3 VITAMIN-B6 library generated at ORNL. The present library has the same neutron/photon energy group structures and general features as VITAMIN-B6 and was produced using similar data processing methodologies, based on the NJOY-99.259 and SCAMPI nuclear data processing systems. VITENDF70.BOLIB is a pseudo-problem-independent library based on the Bondarenko (f-factor) method for the treatment of neutron resonance self-shielding and temperature effects. The library contains 183 nuclides processed at 4 temperatures (300 °K, 600 °K, 1000 °K and 2100 °K), obtained for the most part with 6 to 8 values for the background cross section. Thermal scattering cross sections were processed at all the temperatures available in the ENDF/B-VII.0 thermal scattering law data file for 6 additional bound nuclides: H-1 in light water, H-1 in polyethylene, H-1 in zirconium hydride, H-2 in heavy water, C in graphite and Be in beryllium metal. From VITENDF70.BOLIB it is possible to generate, through the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of SCAMPI, collapsed working libraries of self-shielded cross sections in the AMPX or FIDO-ANISN formats.

Note

Authors: Massimo PESCARINI, Valentin SINITSIN*, Roberto ORSI, Manuela FRISONI

(*) ENEA Consultant, formerly at IPPE-Obninsk, Russian Federation.

Copia n.
In carico a:

2			NOME			
			FIRMA			
1			NOME			
			FIRMA			
0	EMISSIONE	25/06/2012	NOME	M. Pescarini	F. Padoani	P. Meloni
			FIRMA			
REV.	DESCRIZIONE	DATA		REDAZIONE	CONVALIDA	APPROVAZIONE

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 2	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

INDEX

1 - INTRODUCTION	p. 3
1.1 - Background	p. 4
1.2 - ENDF/B-VII.0 Evaluated Nuclear Data Library	p. 7
1.3 - Cross Section Processing and Testing	p. 10
2 - LIBRARY SPECIFICATIONS	p. 11
2.1 - Name	p. 12
2.2 - Materials, Temperatures and Background Cross Sections	p. 12
2.3 - Energy Group Structure	p. 23
2.4 - Weighting Function	p. 31
2.5 - Legendre Order of Scattering	p. 37
2.6 - Convergence Parameters	p. 37
2.7 - Processing Codes and Procedures	p. 37
2.8 - Response Functions	p. 41
3 - LIBRARY VALIDATION	p. 48
3.1 - Reactor Physics Benchmarks	p. 48
3.2 - Shielding Benchmarks	p. 49
4 - CONCLUSION	p. 56
REFERENCES	p. 58

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 3	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

VITENDF70.BOLIB - An ENEA-Bologna Fine-Group Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in AMPX Format Based on ENDF/B-VII.0 Data

Massimo PESCARINI, Valentin SINITSA, Roberto ORSI, Manuela FRISONI

June 2012

1 - INTRODUCTION

The ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group produced a multi-group coupled neutron and photon cross section library in AMPX format for nuclear fission applications, based on the ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ US evaluated nuclear data library. For this purpose, cooperation was established with a former specialist of the State Scientific Center of the Russian Federation Institute for Physics and Power Engineering of Obninsk (SSC RF IPPE-Obninsk). The result of this effort is the present VITENDF70.BOLIB library, which has the same neutron and photon energy group structures (199 neutron groups + 42 photon groups) and general basic features as the ORNL DLC-184/VITAMIN-B6 /2/ library in AMPX format, based on the ENDF/B-VI.3 /3/ US evaluated nuclear data library. The generation of the present library took into account the experience accumulated by the ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group in the data processing and testing of the previously generated VITJEF22.BOLIB /4/, VITJEFF31.BOLIB /5/ and VITJEFF311.BOLIB /6/ similar libraries in AMPX format, respectively based on the JEF-2.2 /7/, JEFF-3.1 /8/ and JEFF-3.1.1 /9/ OECD-NEA Data Bank evaluated nuclear data libraries. The production of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library intends to propose to the users of the ENDF/B-VII.0 nuclear data a VITAMIN-B6-type library, i.e., a fine-group pseudo-problem-independent cross section library for nuclear fission applications, based on the Bondarenko /10/ (f-factor) method for the treatment of neutron resonance self-shielding and temperature effects. For “pseudo-problem-independent fine-group library” is understood that the library is prepared with enough detail in energy, temperatures and neutron resonance self-shielding so as to be applicable to a wide range of physical systems.

The VITENDF70.BOLIB library, differently from the recent ORNL DLC-0245/VITAMIN-B7 /11/ library, based on the same evaluated data library and processed with the ORNL AMPX-6.1 nuclear data processing system, was generated through an updated automatic calculation procedure based on the LANL NJOY-99.259 /12/ nuclear data processing system with the updating “upnea049” and on the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the ORNL SCAMPI /14/ nuclear data processing system. In particular this automatic procedure, developed at the ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group, permits to produce quickly large group-wise cross section libraries in AMPX format with the potential of generating, through further proper data processing with the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI system, broad-group working libraries of collapsed and self-shielded cross sections for different applications in the AMPX or FIDO-ANISN formats. Concerning this, the ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group generated recently the BUGENDF70.BOLIB /15/ broad-group coupled neutron and photon working cross section library in FIDO-ANISN /16/ format, through problem-dependent cross section collapsing of the present VITENDF70.BOLIB

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 4	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

library with the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI system. In particular the BUGENDF70.BOLIB library, as the corresponding recently released ORNL DLC-0245/BUGLE-B7 /11/ library derived from VITAMIN-B7 through the AMPX-6.1 system, adopts the same neutron and photon energy group structures (47 neutron groups + 20 photon groups) of the ORNL DLC-0185/BUGLE-96 /2/ similar library derived from VITAMIN-B6. In particular BUGENDF70.BOLIB, as the BUGLE-96 and BUGLE-B7 similar libraries, is dedicated to LWR shielding and pressure vessel dosimetry applications.

Finally, the VITENDF70.BOLIB library was extensively tested on many thermal, intermediate and fast neutron spectrum criticality safety benchmark experiments.

1.1 - Background

In recent years, the multi-dimensional deterministic transport codes using group-wise cross section libraries extended their practical simulation capability to an enlarged variety of nuclear systems, characterized by different neutron spectra and high geometrical complexity. In particular the three-dimensional (3D) discrete ordinates (S_N) codes like, for example, TORT /17/ /18/, increased their competitiveness with respect to the corresponding 3D Monte Carlo stochastic codes, as for example MCNP /19/. Comparable or even more convenient performances in terms of CPU times were in fact obtained with the same calculation precision, similar description capability of complex geometries and suitable simulation of different neutron and photon spectral conditions. Various factors concurred, in particular, to determine the increased flexibility and convenience in the practical use of the 3D discrete ordinates codes: the impressive increased performance of modern computers, innovative general-purpose fine-group cross section libraries with upscatter cross sections and new ancillary pre/post-processor systems of programs, dedicated to simplify and to strengthen the preparation and the graphical verification of the input of the geometrical model.

About the availability of innovative fine-group libraries, for example, the interesting features of the VITAMIN-B6 /2/ library must be underlined. Unlike similar previous libraries as VITAMIN-C /20/, VITAMIN-E /21/ or VITAMIN-J /22/, VITAMIN-B6 introduced fine-group discretization (more than 30 neutron groups) in the thermal neutron energy region below about 5 eV, including upscatter cross sections. This has the potential of treating with precision, together with the present fast calculation performances, problems where a rigorous description of the thermal neutron spectrum is essential. This is specifically requested, for example, in the case of the boron neutron capture therapy (BNCT) medical applications /23/ or when it is necessary to calculate (see /24/) the thermal neutron and photon radiation damage, as emerged for some material testing reactors (MTRs) /25/ and light water reactors (LWRs) /26/ /27/. The ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group contributed, in particular, in this sector with the following libraries, freely distributed by OECD-NEA Data Bank: VITJEF22.BOLIB /4/, VITJEFF31.BOLIB /5/ and VITJEFF311.BOLIB /6/ in AMPX format together with MATJEF22.BOLIB /28/ and MATJEFF31.BOLIB /29/ in MATXS format. VITJEF22.BOLIB and MATJEF22.BOLIB are based (see also /30/), in particular, on the JEF-2.2 /7/ OECD-NEA Data Bank evaluated nuclear data library. VITJEFF31.BOLIB (see also /31/) and MATJEFF31.BOLIB (see also 32) are respectively based on the JEFF-3.1 /8/ OECD-NEA Data Bank evaluated nuclear data library (VITJEFF31.BOLIB) and on both the JEFF-3.1 and JEFF-3.1.1 /9/ evaluated nuclear data libraries (MATJEFF31.BOLIB). Finally

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 5	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

VITJEFF311.BOLIB is based on the JEFF-3.1.1 /9/ OECD-NEA Data Bank evaluated nuclear data library.

At present, the availability of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library permits to obtain derived working libraries of collapsed and self-shielded cross sections, through the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the SCAMPI /14/ data processing system. More specifically, the cross sections can be collapsed by the MALOCS module, can be self-shielded by the BONAMI module and finally can be converted into the AMPX or the FIDO-ANISN /16/ formats. The cross sections in AMPX format can be used by the XSDRNPM one-dimensional (1D) discrete ordinates transport code, included in the SCAMPI data processing system. The cross sections in FIDO-ANISN format can be used by the discrete ordinates transport codes included in the following US packages of deterministic codes: the ORNL DOORS-3.2 /18/ system (including the ANISN-ORNL 1D code, the DORT 2D code and the TORT 3D code), the LANL PARTISN-5.97 /33/ 3D parallel system and the ATTILA /34/ 3D commercial code with unstructured spatial grids (finite elements). Moreover the cross sections in FIDO-ANISN format can be read by the discrete ordinates transport codes of the Russian package CNCSN 2009 /35/, including the ROZ-6.6 1D code, the KASKAD-S-2.5 (serial) and KASKAD-S-3.0 (parallel multi-threaded) 2D codes and the KATRIN-2.0 (serial) and KATRIN-2.5 (parallel multi-threaded) 3D codes. Finally the cross sections in FIDO-ANISN format are used by the ORNL MORSE /36/ 3D Monte Carlo code.

Concerning the possibility to describe very complicated geometries requiring 3D spatial analyses, it is underlined that, up to recent times, only 3D Monte Carlo codes could obtain satisfactory results with high calculation precision. At present, with the recent introduction and availability of new pre/post-processor systems (e.g., the ENEA-Bologna BOT3P /37/ /38/ /39/ /40/ and the Japanese TORTWARE /41/ systems) of ancillary programs dedicated to the multi-dimensional deterministic transport codes for the automatic generation and graphical verification of the spatial mesh grids of the geometrical model, the simulation capability of complex geometries with the multi-dimensional discrete ordinates transport codes increased dramatically. This induced, obviously, an increased interest to give more options in terms of updated and flexible group-wise cross section library availability. The performance of the three-dimensional discrete ordinates transport codes can be now highly competitive with that of the 3D Monte Carlo codes.

About the cited pre/post-processor ancillary programs, the ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group originally developed the BOT3P system (distributed by OECD-NEA Data Bank and ORNL-RSICC), which was extensively tested on neutron shielding benchmark integral experiment calculations /42/ /43/ /44/ /45/ /46/ with the DORT 2D and TORT 3D codes. The BOT3P system, based on combinatorial geometry algorithms, was initially dedicated to the DORT and TORT discrete ordinates transport codes of the DOORS system but it is now easily possible to generate automatically detailed spatial mesh grids also for any other possible transport code (through simple interfaces dedicated to manage the BOT3P binary output files), together with the graphical verification of the input data of the geometrical model.

Two applications confirmed, in particular, the flexibility and the performance of BOT3P supporting the DORT and TORT codes: 2D and 3D analyses /47/ in Cartesian geometry of PWR fuel assemblies, with a very fine approximated description of the cylindrical fuel pins and heavy 3D (about 2.0×10^6 spatial cells) fixed source calculations /48/ in cylindrical

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 6	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

geometry, addressed to obtain the heating rate distribution in the internals of a large Westinghouse AP1000 pressurized water reactor (PWR).

Concerning the deterministic codes, it is really an upsetting fact that the 3D deterministic transport codes currently cannot be fully used for the scarce free availability (see /49/ and /50/) of broad-group working libraries also when their use should be strongly recommended and, in any case, competitive with the use of the 3D Monte Carlo stochastic codes. It is interesting to note that the industrial organizations presently continue to be interested in the use /48/ or even in the development /51/ of the 3D deterministic codes. Moreover they directly generate /52/, for example, or outsource to external nuclear data processing working groups, under specific contracts, the broad-group working cross section libraries for radiation shielding and radiation damage calculations with the deterministic transport codes. In fact they must fulfil quality assurance procedures with respect to the nuclear safety authority requirements and when deterministic codes are employed there is no need, as in the case of the Monte Carlo codes, to justify the validity of the statistics adopted since the deterministic codes are based on rigorous analytical solutions of the neutral particle transport equations. It is underlined, in particular, that the 3D deterministic codes applied, for example, to radiation shielding and radiation damage analyses assure, with only a single run, a simultaneous and accurate average dose determination in every spatial position of the reactor geometrical model. It is then very important to underline that the deterministic transport codes permit reliable and effective sensitivity and uncertainty analyses, particularly recommended in the data validation activity and in a modern and rigorous approach to the industrial project of a nuclear reactor.

Taking into account the previous notes, it is considered important (see /50/), in general, to update and to extend further the availability of the fine-group multi-purpose cross section libraries dedicated to the simulations of nuclear fission systems with discrete ordinates codes. As already mentioned, starting from these libraries, derived broad-group working cross section libraries can be generated with parameterized sets of collapsed and self-shielded cross sections for the various applications, characterized by specific compositional, geometrical, spectral and temperature conditions. It is underlined that the generation of broad-group working libraries contributes to give, in particular, a strong impulse to promote the use of the 3D discrete ordinates transport codes, like TORT, which could have convergence problems when fine-group working libraries are used with hundreds of thousands of volumetric spatial meshes, possibly needed to describe accurately complex in-core and ex-core reactor geometrical models.

In particular, an increased generation of broad-group working libraries like BUGJEFF311.BOLIB /49/ and BUGENDF70.BOLIB /15/, respectively derived from fine-group multi-purpose libraries like VITJEFF311.BOLIB and VITENDF70.BOLIB, would permit to extend the field of application of the modern multi-dimensional discrete ordinates deterministic codes which can continue to offer important complementary information /24/ /42/ /43/ /44/ /45/ /46/ /47/ /48/ /53/ with respect to the results obtained with the Monte Carlo codes.

Moreover, since deterministic transport codes are going to be employed in the analysis of the Generation IV nuclear reactor projects within the European Union research activities, it would be highly recommended /50/ that a specific interest dedicated to the generation of broad-group working cross section libraries should be promoted.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 7	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

It is expected, in particular, that the multi-purpose nature of VITENDF70.BOLIB, like the VITAMIN-B6 library, will make this library useful for shielding and, potentially, for reactor physics analyses with ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ nuclear data.

In conclusion, during the last years, the ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group has performed several actions addressed to generate practical tools to increase, in particular, the performance and competitiveness of the 2D and 3D deterministic transport codes, following the recommendations proposed by the OECD-NEA Data Bank.

1. Several fine-group cross section libraries /4/ /5/ /6/ /28/ /29/ (see also /30/ /31/) and broad-group working cross section libraries /49/ (see also /54/) for nuclear fission applications were generated and are presently freely distributed by OECD-NEA Data Bank and ORNL-RSICC.
2. A pre/post-processor system /37/ /38/ /39/ /40/ of programs for the automatic spatial mesh generation, dedicated to the 2D and 3D deterministic transport codes, was developed and it is now freely distributed by OECD-NEA Data Bank and ORNL-RSICC.
3. Transport analyses dedicated to fission reactor neutron shielding benchmark experiments /42/ /43/ /44/ /45/ /46/ /54/ were performed also within the activities /42/ of the OECD-NEA Nuclear Science Committee TFRDD Task Force /24/ on nuclear fission reactor ageing problems.
4. The whole set of the IRDF-2002 /55/ dosimetry cross sections was processed /56/ in the 47 neutron group structure of the BUGLE-96 /2/ cross section library using a flat neutron spectrum and neutron weighting spectra calculated with JEFF-3.1.1 and ENDF/B-VII.0 data, at one quarter of the thickness of a typical PWR pressure vessel.

1.2 - ENDF/B-VII.0 Evaluated Nuclear Data Library

The cross section advances in the ENDF library support needs in a wide variety of applied technologies. Complete cross section evaluations are needed in radiation transport simulation codes that are used to model the neutronics, activation and nuclear transmutations, energy deposition and absorbed dose, etc.. The applications include advanced reactor design, nuclear waste transmutation and fuel cycles, nuclear criticality safety, fusion, medical applications (isotope production, external beam therapy, etc.), nonproliferation and national security, space physics, radiation protection and shielding.

The work performed for the ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ library represented a coordinated effort for five years by researchers from many US institutions, organized by CSEWG (Cross Section Evaluation Working Group) which is the organization that oversees the development of this database. The principal advances were dictated by specific programmatic priorities set by several laboratories and by the Department of Energy (DOE). The DOE Office of Science, Office of Nuclear Physics' US Nuclear Data Program (USNDP) provided the bulk of the support for bringing the various capabilities developed at different laboratories together under CSEWG, and for the National Nuclear Data Center to maintain and archive the ENDF databases at Brookhaven National Laboratory. Most of the underlying research was supported by the DOE National Nuclear Security Agency's Advanced Simulation and Computing (ASC), Nuclear Criticality Safety and Nonproliferation Research and Engineering programs,

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 8	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

in addition to the Office of Science. The DOE Nuclear Energy (NE) office supported work related to advanced fuel cycles and advanced reactors. Important support also came from the DOE Naval Reactor Laboratories and from the National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST).

The development of complete, evaluated cross section data files depends upon a variety of expertises: nuclear experimentation; nuclear theory and model predictions; statistical analysis; radiation transport physics; computer code and database development; processing of nuclear data; and fundamental and integral validation against experiments that include criticality and neutron transmission (shielding) measurements. This effort has brought together scientists from these different disciplines to create the ENDF/B-VII.0 library.

A cross section library is developed not only for the purpose of providing accurate basic physics data, isotope-by-isotope, but also to perform well, as an ensemble, in applied simulations. This is particularly important for nuclear criticality applications, where for some critical assemblies the performance may depend sensitively upon H-1, O-16, U-235, U-238, etc. data. Since all cross sections are known only to a certain level of precision, significant attention was paid to ensure that the evaluated cross sections perform together well as a group in validation simulations of these critical assemblies.

The ENDF/B-VII.0 evaluated nuclear data library was developed in the period 2002-2006 and it was released (see /1/) in December 2006.

The ENDF/B-VII.0 library includes all the data in the internationally-accepted ENDF-6 format /57/. It contains 14 sublibraries ordered according to the NSUB sublibrary identification number, defined by the ENDF-6 format. The total number of materials in ENDF/B-VII.0 has increased considerably with respect to the previous (VI.8) version of the ENDF/B library, largely thanks to the new decay data sublibrary. Although the ENDF/B library is widely known for evaluated neutron cross sections, a considerable amount of non-neutron data are contained as well.

As discussed below, out of the total of 14 sublibraries, there are two new sublibraries, 7 sublibraries were considerably updated and extended, while the remaining 5 sublibraries were taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8 without any change:

1. The photonuclear sublibrary is entirely new. It contains evaluated cross sections for 163 materials (all isotopes) mostly up to 140 MeV. The sublibrary has been supplied by Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) and it is largely based on the IAEA-coordinated collaboration completed in 2000. This project mostly used the evaluation methodology and modelling tools for photonuclear reactions developed at LANL.
2. The photo-atomic sublibrary has been taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8. It contains data for photons from 10 eV up to 100 GeV interacting with atoms for 100 materials (all elements). The sublibrary has been supplied by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL).
3. The decay data sublibrary has been completely re-evaluated and considerably extended by the National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL).
4. The spontaneous fission yields were taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8. The data were supplied by LANL.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 9	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	------------------	-----------------

5. The atomic relaxation sublibrary was taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8. It contains data for 100 materials (all elements) supplied by LLNL.
6. The neutron reaction sublibrary represents the heart of the ENDF/B-VII.0 library. The sublibrary has been considerably updated and extended, with a number of entirely new evaluations. It contains 393 materials, including 390 isotopic evaluations and 3 elemental ones (C, V and Zn). These evaluations can be considered to be complete (the only exception is Es-253 that contains (n, γ) dosimetry cross sections) since they contain data for all important reaction channels including energy spectra and angular distributions for use in neutronics calculations. Important improvements were made to the actinide nuclides by LANL, often in collaboration with ORNL. Evaluations in the fission product range ($Z = 31-68$) have been entirely changed. ENDF/B-VII.0 contains fission product evaluations for 219 materials, with 71 materials evaluated by BNL, 2 by LLNL, 1 by LANL-BNL and the remaining 145 materials produced by the international project (OECD-NEA WPEC). Of the 393 materials, about 2/3 of the evaluations are based upon recent important contributions from the US evaluators. The remaining evaluations were adopted from other sources (mostly the JENDL-3.3 library). Livermore provided β -delayed γ -ray data for U-235 and Pu-239, for the first time in ENDF/B.
7. Neutron fission yields were taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8. The data were supplied by LANL.
8. The thermal neutron scattering sublibrary contains thermal scattering law data with 20 evaluations, largely supplied by LANL, with several important updates and extensions (in seven evaluations also based on the work /58/ by IKE Stuttgart, Germany). The remaining evaluations were taken over from the ENDF/B-VI.8 library.
9. The neutron cross section standards sublibrary is new. Although standards traditionally constituted part of the ENDF/B library, in the past these data were stored on a tape with a specific tape number. As the concept of tapes has been abandoned in ENDF/B-VII.0, the neutron cross sections standards sublibrary has been introduced. Out of 8 standards materials, 6 were newly evaluated, while the He-3(n,p) and C-nat(n,n) standards were taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8. The standard cross sections were completely adopted by the neutron reaction sublibrary except for the thermal cross section for U-235(n,f) where a slight difference occurs to satisfy thermal data testing. These new evaluations come from the international collaboration coordinated by the IAEA and OECD-NEA WPEC; the US effort was led by NIST and LANL.
10. The electro-atomic sublibrary was taken over from ENDF/B-VI.8. It contains data for 100 materials (all elements) supplied by LLNL.
11. The proton-induced reactions were supplied by LANL, the data being mostly to 150 MeV. There are several updates and several new evaluations.
12. The deuteron-induced reactions were supplied by LANL. This sublibrary contains 5 evaluations.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 10	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

13. The triton-induced reactions were supplied by LANL. This sublibrary contains 3 evaluations.

14. Reactions induced with He-3 were supplied by LANL. This sublibrary contains 2 evaluations.

The major US laboratory contributors to the ENDF/B-VII.0 library are cited herewith. A dominant contributor to the evaluations is LANL, who provided the many actinide evaluations in the neutron reaction sublibrary, almost all the evaluations in the neutron thermal scattering sublibrary, many photonuclear and all the charged particle evaluations. BNL contributed the decay data sublibrary and many fission product evaluations in the neutron sublibrary; ORNL contributed neutron resonances for several actinides of key importance; LLNL contributed 3 atomic sublibraries (carried over from previous evaluations), and NIST played the leading role in developing neutron cross section standards. BNL performed Phase 1 testing (data verification), LANL was the leading laboratory in Phase 2 testing (data validation) and BNL is responsible for archival and dissemination of the library.

1.3 - Cross Section Processing and Testing

The calculation approach used to produce the VITENDF70.BOLIB fine-group library is consistent, in particular, with the recommendations contained in the ANS standard “Neutron and Gamma-Ray Cross Sections for Nuclear Radiation Protection Calculations for Nuclear Power Plants” (ANSI/ANS-6.1.2-1999 (R2009) /59/). The previously cited ANS document recommends the use of VITAMIN-B6 /2/ as a reference library of group-averaged data for radiation protection and shielding calculations dedicated to light water reactor plants. Following, in general, the same data processing methodology based on NJOY and SCAMPI, the VITENDF70.BOLIB library adopts, in particular, the same neutron and photon fine-group structures and weighting spectra used to generate VITAMIN-B6.

The data processing methodology followed in ENEA-Bologna employs both the following modular nuclear data processing systems: the LANL NJOY-99.259 /12/ system and the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the ORNL SCAMPI /14/ system. Several modules of NJOY were used to process the neutron interaction, the photon production and the photon interaction data from the ENDF/B-VII.0 formats to a group-averaged format.

In order to process correctly modern evaluated nuclear data like the ENDF/B-VII.0 data files, it was necessary to develop an updated and corrected version of the SCAMPI system, originally developed at ORNL from the AMPX-77 /60/ system and already employed at ORNL to generate the VITAMIN-B6 data in the AMPX format. In particular, the previously cited ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of SCAMPI was developed, able to generate and to read data in AMPX format, and was released to OECD-NEA Data Bank and ORNL-RSICC.

In particular the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of SCAMPI, through the revised and corrected SMILER module, was employed to read the double-precision GENDF binary files from the NJOY-99.259 nuclear data processing system, to translate the intermediate NJOY file into the AMPX master format for the VITENDF70.BOLIB fine-group library and, finally, to calculate the total (prompt + delayed) neutron fission spectra and average numbers of neutrons emitted per fission, taking into account that their delayed neutron components could not be previously obtained with the original ORNL SMILER version of the SCAMPI system.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 11	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

A detailed description of the data processing performed for the generation of the VITENDF70.BOLIB fine-group library is given in Chapter 2 while the results of the library validation on many thermal, intermediate and fast neutron spectrum criticality safety benchmark experiments is presented in Chapter 3.

2 - LIBRARY SPECIFICATIONS

The VITENDF70.BOLIB library is a fine-group pseudo-problem-independent cross section library, based on the Bondarenko /10/ (f-factor) method for the treatment of neutron resonance self-shielding and temperature effects. This library, generated in ENEA-Bologna by the Nuclear Data Group, is a coupled neutron/photon library in AMPX format for nuclear fission applications, based on the ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ US evaluated nuclear data library. It has the same neutron and photon energy group structures (199 neutron groups + 42 photon groups) and general basic features as the ORNL DLC-184/VITAMIN-B6 /2/ American library in AMPX format, based on the ENDF/B-VI.3 /3/ US evaluated nuclear data library.

The VITENDF70.BOLIB library was generated through an updated automatic calculation procedure based on the LANL NJOY-99.259 /12/ nuclear data processing system, with the updating “upnea049”, and the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the ORNL SCAMPI /14/ nuclear data processing system. VITENDF70.BOLIB was extensively tested on many thermal, intermediate and fast neutron spectrum criticality safety benchmark experiments.

A revised version of the SMILER module of the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI system was used to translate the fine-group data from the GENDF format into the AMPX master library format of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library. In parallel, automatic multiplication of the term of ℓ -th order of the Legendre polynomial (P_ℓ) expansion of the scattering cross section matrix by the $(2\ell + 1)$ factor was performed by the SMILER module for all the processed data files of the nuclides contained in the library.

The cross section files of VITENDF70.BOLIB in AMPX format can be exclusively treated by the updated ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI system which assures a high level of flexibility in the production of working cross section libraries and an evident consistency with the VITAMIN-B6 library generation methods. It is underlined, in particular, that the ENEA-Bologna revised version of the SMILER module, contained in the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI system, permits to obtain separately the prompt neutron fission spectrum (MF=6 and MT=18), the delayed neutron fission spectrum (MF=5 and MT=455) and the total neutron fission spectrum needed, e.g., in the fixed source transport calculations for reactor radiation shielding applications. On the contrary, from the original ORNL SMILER version (see /14/), used to generate VITAMIN-B6 and VITJEF22.BOLIB /4/, it is possible to obtain only the prompt neutron component of the fission spectrum.

At present, the availability of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library permits to obtain derived working libraries of collapsed and self-shielded cross sections, through the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI system. More specifically, the cross sections can be collapsed by the MALOCS module, can be self-shielded by the BONAMI module and finally can be generated in the AMPX or FIDO-ANISN /16/ format. The cross sections in AMPX format can be used by the XSDRNPM one-dimensional (1D) discrete ordinates transport code, included in the ORNL AMPX-77 /60/ and SCAMPI nuclear data processing systems, or in the

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 12	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

ORNL SCALE-6 /61/ nuclear safety system. Concerning the cross sections in FIDO-ANISN format, they can be used by the discrete ordinates (S_N) deterministic codes ANISN-ORNL (1D), DORT (2D) and TORT (3D) of the DOORS /18/ system, by the PARTISN /33/ (1D, 2D and 3D) parallel time-dependent discrete ordinates system and, finally, by the MORSE /36/ 3D Monte Carlo stochastic code.

2.1 - Name

The fine-group pseudo-problem-independent library which generated the BUGENDF70.BOLIB /15/ broad-group working library is designated as VITENDF70.BOLIB.

“VIT” suggests that the main features of the library are similar to those of the ORNL VITAMIN-B6 /2/ library and to the ENEA fine-group libraries /4/ /5/ /6/ in AMPX format with the same neutron and photon energy group structures. The “ENDF70” designation conveniently reflects the origin of the evaluated data: the ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ evaluated nuclear data library. Finally, “BOLIB” means BOlogna LIBrary and so it is indicative of the place of production of the library.

2.2 - Materials, Temperatures and Background Cross Sections

A set of 183 cross section files, derived from the ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ evaluated nuclear data library, was processed for the VITENDF70.BOLIB fine-group library. In particular the complete list of the included nuclides is reported in TAB. 2.1 together with the corresponding Z atomic numbers, the ENDF/B-VII.0 MAT numbers, the AMPX identifiers and a flag (YES/NO) indicating the presence of gamma ray production data in the specific evaluated nuclear data file. It is underlined that, in this set of processed data files, only two data files correspond to evaluated natural elements (C-nat and V-nat) whereas the other ones correspond to single isotope evaluated data files.

The Bondarenko /10/ (f-factor) method was used for handling neutron resonance self-shielding and temperature effects. As for VITAMIN-B6 /2/, all the 177 standard (not bound) nuclides were processed at the 4 temperatures of 300 °K, 600 °K, 1000 °K and 2100 °K and most materials were processed with 6 to 8 values for the background cross section σ_0 . These parameters are indicated in detail in TAB. 2.2, where it is possible to verify that nearly all materials were processed with the following values of σ_0 : 1, 10, 1.0E+2, 1.0E+3, 1.0E+4 and 1.0E+10 barns.

With respect to the σ_0 values used in the generation of the Fe-56 processed files in the VITAMIN-B6 (AMPX format), VITJEF22.BOLIB /4/ (AMPX format) and MATJEF22.BOLIB /28/ (MATXS format) older libraries, an additional σ_0 numerical value equal to 0.01 barns was used in the production of the Fe-56 processed file included in VITENDF70.BOLIB as it was done for the VITJEFF31.BOLIB /5/ (AMPX format) and VITJEFF311.BOLIB /6/ (AMPX format) libraries and for the MATJEFF31.BOLIB /29/ (MATXS format) library. This additional σ_0 numerical value improves further, through a more precise self-shielding factor interpolation, the neutron self-shielding of the Fe-56 cross sections in natural iron. Moreover the possibility of a more accurate self-shielding calculation for Fe-56 was considered useful also in LWR radiation damage analyses in the carbon steel of the pressure vessel and in the stainless steel of the reactor internals (see /2/ and /49/).

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 13	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

For consistency with most other similar libraries, it was decided to use infinitely dilute background cross sections ($\sigma_0 = 1.0\text{E}+10$ barns) for nuclides with the atomic number Z less than 7, with the exception of B-11. Hence, only a background cross section with a numerical value of $1.0\text{E}+10$ barns was used for each of these nuclides.

Thermal scattering cross sections were produced for six additional bound nuclides which were processed at all the temperatures (see TAB. 2.3) available in the ENDF/B-VII.0 thermal scattering law data file (see /1/): H-1 in light water, H-1 in polyethylene, H-1 in zirconium hydride (not contained in the VITAMIN-B6, VITJEF22.BOLIB and MATJEF22.BOLIB libraries), H-2 in heavy water, C in graphite and Be in beryllium metal.

Finally it is important to note that in total reactor power and heating calculations, the corresponding results can be heavily affected by the lack of gamma production data in some ENDF/B-VII.0 evaluated data files. Concerning this, it is recommended to verify carefully if the ENDF/B-VII.0 data files of the nuclides involved in the calculations include gamma production data (see TAB. 2.1).

TAB. 2.1

ENDF/B-VII.0 Nuclides Processed for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Z	Nuclide	ENDF/B-VII.0 MAT	AMPX Identifier	Gamma Ray Production
1	H-H2O	125/1	1001	YES
	H-CH2	125/37	1901	YES
	H-ZrH	125/7	1401	YES
	D-D2O	128/11	1002	YES
	H-3	131	1003	NO
2	He-3	225	2003	NO
	He-4	228	2004	NO
3	Li-6	325	3006	YES
	Li-7	328	3007	YES
4	Be-9	425	4009	YES
	Be-9 (Thermal)	425/26	4309	YES
5	B-10	525	5010	YES
	B-11	528	5011	YES
6	C-nat	600	6012	YES
	C-nat (Graphite)	600/31	6312	YES
7	N-14	725	7014	YES
	N-15	728	7015	YES
8	O-16	825	8016	YES
	O-17	828	8017	NO
9	F-19	925	9019	YES
11	Na-23	1125	11023	YES
12	Mg-24	1225	12024	YES
	Mg-25	1228	12025	YES
	Mg-26	1231	12026	YES
13	Al-27	1325	13027	YES
14	Si-28	1425	14028	YES
	Si-29	1428	14029	YES
	Si-30	1431	14030	YES
15	P-31	1525	15031	YES
16	S-32	1625	16032	YES
	S-33	1628	16033	YES
	S-34	1631	16034	YES
	S-36	1637	16036	YES
17	Cl-35	1725	17035	YES
	Cl-37	1731	17037	YES
19	K-39	1925	19039	YES
	K-40	1928	19040	YES
	K-41	1931	19041	YES
20	Ca-40	2025	20040	YES
	Ca-42	2031	20042	YES
	Ca-43	2034	20043	YES
	Ca-44	2037	20044	YES
	Ca-46	2043	20046	YES
	Ca-48	2049	20048	YES
22	Ti-46	2225	22046	YES
	Ti-47	2228	22047	YES
	Ti-48	2231	22048	YES
	Ti-49	2234	22049	YES
	Ti-50	2237	22050	YES

TAB. 2.1 Continued

ENDF/B-VII.0 Nuclides Processed for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Z	Nuclide	ENDF/B-VII.0 MAT	AMPX Identifier	Gamma Ray Production
23	V-nat	2300	23000	YES
24	Cr-50	2425	24050	YES
	Cr-52	2431	24052	YES
	Cr-53	2434	24053	YES
	Cr-54	2437	24054	YES
25	Mn-55	2525	25055	YES
26	Fe-54	2625	26054	YES
	Fe-56	2631	26056	YES
	Fe-57	2634	26057	YES
	Fe-58	2637	26058	YES
27	Co-59	2725	27059	YES
28	Ni-58	2825	28058	YES
	Ni-60	2831	28060	YES
	Ni-61	2834	28061	YES
	Ni-62	2837	28062	YES
	Ni-64	2843	28064	YES
29	Cu-63	2925	29063	YES
	Cu-65	2931	29065	YES
31	Ga-69	3125	31069	NO
	Ga-71	3131	31071	NO
39	Y-89	3925	39089	YES
40	Zr-90	4025	40090	YES
	Zr-91	4028	40091	YES
	Zr-92	4031	40092	YES
	Zr-94	4037	40094	YES
	Zr-96	4043	40096	YES
41	Nb-93	4125	41093	YES
42	Mo-92	4225	42092	YES
	Mo-94	4231	42094	YES
	Mo-95	4234	42095	YES
	Mo-96	4237	42096	YES
	Mo-97	4240	42097	YES
	Mo-98	4243	42098	YES
	Mo-100	4249	42100	NO
47	Ag-107	4725	47107	YES
	Ag-109	4731	47109	YES
48	Cd-106	4825	48106	YES
	Cd-108	4831	48108	NO
	Cd-110	4837	48110	NO
	Cd-111	4840	48111	YES
	Cd-112	4843	48112	NO
	Cd-113	4846	48113	NO
	Cd-114	4849	48114	NO
	Cd-115m	4853	48115	YES
	Cd-116	4855	48116	NO
49	In-113	4925	49113	NO
	In-115	4931	49115	NO
50	Sn-112	5025	50112	NO
	Sn-114	5031	50114	NO

TAB. 2.1 Continued

ENDF/B-VII.0 Nuclides Processed for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Z	Nuclide	ENDF/B-VII.0 MAT	AMPX Identifier	Gamma Ray Production
	Sn-115	5034	50115	NO
	Sn-116	5037	50116	NO
	Sn-117	5040	50117	NO
	Sn-118	5043	50118	NO
	Sn-119	5046	50119	NO
	Sn-120	5049	50120	NO
	Sn-122	5055	50122	NO
	Sn-123	5058	50123	NO
	Sn-124	5061	50124	NO
	Sn-125	5064	50125	YES
	Sn-126	5067	50126	NO
56	Ba-138	5649	56138	NO
63	Eu-151	6325	63151	NO
	Eu-152	6328	63152	NO
	Eu-153	6331	63153	YES
	Eu-154	6334	63154	NO
	Eu-155	6337	63155	NO
64	Gd-152	6425	64152	YES
	Gd-154	6431	64154	YES
	Gd-155	6434	64155	YES
	Gd-156	6437	64156	YES
	Gd-157	6440	64157	YES
	Gd-158	6443	64158	YES
	Gd-160	6449	64160	YES
68	Er-162	6825	68162	YES
	Er-164	6831	68164	YES
	Er-166	6837	68166	YES
	Er-167	6840	68167	YES
	Er-168	6843	68168	YES
	Er-170	6849	68170	YES
72	Hf-174	7225	72174	NO
	Hf-176	7231	72176	NO
	Hf-177	7234	72177	NO
	Hf-178	7237	72178	NO
	Hf-179	7240	72179	NO
	Hf-180	7243	72180	NO
73	Ta-181	7328	73181	YES
	Ta-182	7331	73182	NO
74	W-182	7431	74182	YES
	W-183	7434	74183	YES
	W-184	7437	74184	YES
	W-186	7443	74186	YES
75	Re-185	7525	75185	NO
	Re-187	7531	75187	NO
79	Au-197	7925	79197	YES
82	Pb-204	8225	82204	YES
	Pb-206	8231	82206	YES
	Pb-207	8234	82207	YES
	Pb-208	8237	82208	YES

TAB. 2.1 Continued

ENDF/B-VII.0 Nuclides Processed for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Z	Nuclide	ENDF/B-VII.0 MAT	AMPX Identifier	Gamma Ray Production
83	Bi-209	8325	83209	YES
90	Th-230	9034	90230	NO
	Th-232	9040	90232	YES
91	Pa-231	9131	91231	YES
	Pa-233	9137	91233	YES
92	U-232	9219	92232	YES
	U-233	9222	92233	YES
	U-234	9225	92234	YES
	U-235	9228	92235	YES
	U-236	9231	92236	YES
	U-237	9234	92237	YES
	U-238	9237	92238	YES
93	Np-237	9346	93237	YES
	Np-238	9349	93238	NO
	Np-239	9352	93239	NO
94	Pu-236	9428	94236	NO
	Pu-237	9431	94237	NO
	Pu-238	9434	94238	NO
	Pu-239	9437	94239	YES
	Pu-240	9440	94240	YES
	Pu-241	9443	94241	YES
	Pu-242	9446	94242	YES
	Pu-243	9449	94243	YES
	Pu-244	9452	94244	NO
95	Am-241	9543	95241	YES
	Am-242	9546	95242	NO
	Am-242m	9547	95601	NO
	Am-243	9549	95243	YES
96	Cm-241	9628	96241	NO
	Cm-242	9631	96242	YES
	Cm-243	9634	96243	NO
	Cm-244	9637	96244	NO
	Cm-245	9640	96245	NO
	Cm-246	9643	96246	NO
	Cm-247	9646	96247	NO
	Cm-248	9649	96248	YES

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione	Rev.	Distrib.	Pag.	di
	NNFISS-LP2-065	0	L	18	64

TAB. 2.2

Background Cross Sections Values at which Bondarenko Factors Are Tabulated
in the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

All Nuclides Were Processed at Four Temperatures: 300 °K, 600 °K, 1000 °K and 2100 °K.

Nuclide	Background Cross Sections [barns]											Legendre Order
	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1.	0.01	
H-1	1.E+10											7
H-2	1.E+10											7
H-3	1.E+10											7
He-3	1.E+10											7
He-4	1.E+10											7
Li-6	1.E+10											7
Li-7	1.E+10											7
Be-9	1.E+10											7
B-10	1.E+10											7
B-11	1.E+10				1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
C-nat	1.E+10											7
N-14	1.E+10				1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
N-15	1.E+10				1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
O-16	1.E+10				1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
O-17	1.E+10				1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Fa-19	1.E+10				1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Na-23	1.E+10				1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1.		7
Mg-24	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Mg-25	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Mg-26	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Al-27	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.	10.	1.		7
Si-28	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Si-29	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Si-30	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
P-31	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
S-32	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
S-33	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
S-34	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
S-36	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cl-35	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cl-37	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
K-39	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
K-40	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
K-41	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ca-40	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ca-42	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ca-43	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ca-44	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ca-46	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ca-48	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ti-46	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ti-47	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ti-48	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ti-49	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ti-50	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
V-nat	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cr-50	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cr-52	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cr-53	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cr-54	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Mn-55	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Fe-54	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Fe-56	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.	10.	1.	0.01	7
Fe-57	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Fe-58	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Co-59	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ni-58	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.	10.	1.		7
Ni-60	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.	10.	1.		7
Ni-61	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione	Rev.	Distrib.	Pag.	di
	NNFISS-LP2-065	0	L	19	64

TAB. 2.2 Continued

Background Cross Sections Values at which Bondarenko Factors Are Tabulated
in the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

All Nuclides Were Processed at Four Temperatures: 300 °K, 600 °K, 1000 °K and 2100 °K.

Nuclide	Background Cross Sections [barns]										Legendre	
	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1.	0.01	Order
Ni-62	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ni-64	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cu-63	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Cu-65	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		7
Ga-69	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Ga-71	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Y-89	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Zr-90	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Zr-91	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Zr-92	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Zr-94	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Zr-96	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Nb-93	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Mo-92	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Mo-94	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Mo-95	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Mo-96	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Mo-97	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Mo-98	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Mo-100	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Ag-107	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Ag-109	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-106	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-108	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-110	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-111	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-112	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-113	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-114	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-115m	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Cd-116	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
In-113	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
In-115	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-112	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-114	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-115	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-116	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-117	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-118	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-119	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-120	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-122	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-123	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-124	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-125	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Sn-126	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Ba-138	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Eu-151	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.				5
Eu-152	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Eu-153	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.				5
Eu-154	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Eu-155	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.					5
Gd-152	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Gd-154	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Gd-155	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Gd-156	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Gd-157	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Gd-158	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5
Gd-160	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.		5

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 20	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 2.2 Continued

Background Cross Sections Values at which Bondarenko Factors Are Tabulated
in the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.
All Nuclides Were Processed at Four Temperatures: 300 °K, 600 °K, 1000 °K and 2100 °K.

Nuclide	Background Cross Sections [barns]										Legendre Order
	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1.	0.01
Er-162	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Er-164	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Er-166	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Er-167	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Er-168	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Er-170	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Hf-174	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Hf-176	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Hf-177	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Hf-178	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Hf-179	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Hf-180	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Ta-181	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Ta-182	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
W-182	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
W-183	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
W-184	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
W-186	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Re-185	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.				5
Re-187	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.				5
Au-197	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pb-204	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pb-206	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pb-207	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pb-208	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Bi-209	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Th-230	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.				5
Th-232	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1.	5
Pa-231	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Pa-233	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
U-232	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
U-233	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
U-234	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
U-235	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
U-236	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
U-237	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
U-238	1.E+10			1.E+4	1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1.	5
N-237	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Np-238	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Np-239	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Pu-236	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pu-237	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Pu-238	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pu-239	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Pu-240	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pu-241	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Pu-242	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Pu-243	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Pu-244	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.		10.	1.	5
Am-241	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Am-242	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Am-242m	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.						5
Am-243	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-241	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-242	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-243	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-244	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-245	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-246	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5

TAB. 2.2 Continued

Background Cross Sections Values at which Bondarenko Factors Are Tabulated
in the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.
All Nuclides Were Processed at Four Temperatures: 300 °K, 600 °K, 1000 °K and 2100 °K.

Nuclide	Background Cross Sections [barns]										Legendre Order
	1.E+10	1.E+6	1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.	300.	100.	50.	10.	1. 0.01	
Cm-247	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5
Cm-248	1.E+10		1.E+5	1.E+4	1000.		100.	50.			5

TAB. 2.3

Processed Thermal Scattering Data in the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Thermal scattering cross sections for the following bound nuclides were produced, through the THERMR module of NJOY, from the scattering matrices $S(\alpha, \beta)$ at various temperatures, included in the original ENDF/B-VII.0 thermal scattering law data file:

H-1 in H₂O (light water)
H-1 in CH₂ (polyethylene)
H-1 in ZrH (zirconium hydride)
H-2 in D₂O (heavy water)
C (graphite)
Be (beryllium metal)

Nuclide	Temperature [°K]
H-1 in H ₂ O	293.6 350. 400. 450. 500. 550. 600. 650. 800.
H-1 in CH ₂	296. 350.
H-1 in ZrH	296. 400. 500. 600. 700. 800. 1000. 1200.
H-2 in D ₂ O	293.6 350. 400. 450. 500. 550. 600. 650.
C	296. 400. 500. 600. 700. 800. 1000. 1200. 1600. 2000.
Be	296. 400. 500. 600. 700. 800. 1000. 1200.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 23	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

2.3 - Energy Group Structure

The VITENDF70.BOLIB library adopts the same neutron and photon energy group structures as the VITAMIN-B6 /2/ library with 199 neutron energy groups (see TAB. 2.4) and 42 photon energy groups (see TAB. 2.5). The neutron and photon energy ranges are respectively included within $1.0\text{E}-05$ eV and $1.9640\text{E}+07$ eV for neutrons and within $1.0\text{E}+03$ eV and $3.0\text{E}+07$ eV for photons.

As reported in the VITAMIN-B6 library user's manual, this 199 neutron group structure was constructed as a compromise and improvement over the 174 neutron group structure used for the VITAMIN-E /21/ fine-group library, primarily conceived to treat fast neutron spectrum applications, and the 27 neutron group structure of the 27-neutron-group library, included in the SCALE /61/ system, suitable to treat criticality safety problems and out-of-core radiation shielding applications. The 27-neutron-group library has, in particular, a favourable neutron group discretization in the thermal neutron energy range whilst the resolution in the fast neutron energy range above 0.1 MeV results to be inadequate. Therefore the choice of the 199 group structure permits to treat not only fast neutron spectrum applications, through the proper neutron group structure at higher energies typical of VITAMIN-E, but also to treat physical systems with thermal neutron spectra, through the adequate group structure at lower energies of the 27-neutron-group library. Like the VITAMIN-B6 library, the VITENDF70.BOLIB thermal neutron energy range, i.e. the range of the neutron energy groups which include upscatter, contains 36 groups and has 5.043 eV as the uppermost boundary. In particular, the thermal neutron group energy limits are listed in TAB. 2.6. As underlined in the VITAMIN-B6 library user's manual, by combining the best features of the VITAMIN-E with the 27-group neutron energy grids, the best options were obtained for creating a problem-independent energy grid for a variety of reactor designs, including thermal (water or graphite-moderated) and fast reactor systems. Consequently, problem-dependent cross section libraries can be easily derived from VITENDF70.BOLIB, through the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the SCAMPI /14/ data processing system, without having to repeat the multi-group averaging directly from the ENDF/B-VII.0 /1/ data files.

The full VITENDF70.BOLIB library neutron energy group structure given in TAB. 2.4 is identical to the corresponding structure of the VITAMIN-B6 library. The 199 group energy limits are based on the 175 groups in VITAMIN-J /22/ (an OECD-NEA Data Bank library based on the VITAMIN-C /20/ and VITAMIN-E structures) with an expanded number of thermal groups as discussed above. At higher energies, the boundaries are almost identical with the earlier VITAMIN libraries, which consist of a basic 100-group-mesh of equal lethargy width plus numerous additional boundaries to resolve resonance minima that are important for radiation shielding calculations.

The full VITENDF70.BOLIB library photon energy group structure given in TAB. 2.5 is identical to the corresponding structure of the VITAMIN-B6 library. It is based on a combination of the 42 photon groups in the VITAMIN-J structure and the 18 group structure in the SCALE shielding library. The top energy group extends to 30 MeV, which allows proper representation of high energy gamma rays from neutron capture at high energies. Although the cross section for capture at neutron energies between 20 and 30 MeV is small, such a reaction in some materials can produce gamma rays with energies between 20 and 30 MeV, as reported in the VITAMIN-B6 library user's manual.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 24	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 2.4

Neutron Group Energy Boundaries for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Energy Width [eV]	Upper Lethargy	Lethargy Width
1	1.9640E+07	2.3080E+06	-6.7498E-01	0.1250
2	1.7332E+07	4.2700E+05	-5.4997E-01	0.0249
3	1.6905E+07	4.1800E+05	-5.2502E-01	0.0250
4	1.6487E+07	8.0400E+05	-4.9999E-01	0.0500
5	1.5683E+07	7.6500E+05	-4.4999E-01	0.0500
6	1.4918E+07	3.6800E+05	-3.9998E-01	0.0250
7	1.4550E+07	3.5900E+05	-3.7501E-01	0.0250
8	1.4191E+07	3.5100E+05	-3.5002E-01	0.0250
9	1.3840E+07	3.4100E+05	-3.2498E-01	0.0249
10	1.3499E+07	6.5900E+05	-3.0003E-01	0.0501
11	1.2840E+07	3.1700E+05	-2.4998E-01	0.0250
12	1.2523E+07	3.0900E+05	-2.2498E-01	0.0250
13	1.2214E+07	5.9600E+05	-2.0000E-01	0.0500
14	1.1618E+07	5.6600E+05	-1.4997E-01	0.0499
15	1.1052E+07	5.3900E+05	-1.0003E-01	0.0500
16	1.0513E+07	5.1300E+05	-5.0027E-02	0.0500
17	1.0000E+07	4.8770E+05	0.0000E+00	0.0500
18	9.5123E+06	4.6390E+05	4.9999E-02	0.0500
19	9.0484E+06	4.4130E+05	9.9997E-02	0.0500
20	8.6071E+06	4.1980E+05	1.5000E-01	0.0500
21	8.1873E+06	3.9930E+05	2.0000E-01	0.0500
22	7.7880E+06	3.7980E+05	2.5000E-01	0.0500
23	7.4082E+06	3.6130E+05	3.0000E-01	0.0500
24	7.0469E+06	3.4370E+05	3.5000E-01	0.0500
25	6.7032E+06	1.1080E+05	4.0000E-01	0.0167
26	6.5924E+06	2.1610E+05	4.1667E-01	0.0333
27	6.3763E+06	3.1100E+05	4.5000E-01	0.0500
28	6.0653E+06	2.9580E+05	5.0000E-01	0.0500
29	5.7695E+06	2.8140E+05	5.5000E-01	0.0500
30	5.4881E+06	2.6760E+05	6.0000E-01	0.0500
31	5.2205E+06	2.5460E+05	6.4999E-01	0.0500
32	4.9659E+06	2.4220E+05	6.9999E-01	0.0500
33	4.7237E+06	2.3040E+05	7.4999E-01	0.0500
34	4.4933E+06	4.2760E+05	8.0000E-01	0.1000
35	4.0657E+06	3.8690E+05	9.0000E-01	0.1000
36	3.6788E+06	3.5010E+05	1.0000E+00	0.1000
37	3.3287E+06	1.6230E+05	1.1000E+00	0.0500
38	3.1664E+06	1.5450E+05	1.1500E+00	0.0500
39	3.0119E+06	1.4680E+05	1.2000E+00	0.0500
40	2.8651E+06	1.3980E+05	1.2500E+00	0.0500
41	2.7253E+06	1.3290E+05	1.3000E+00	0.0500
42	2.5924E+06	1.2640E+05	1.3500E+00	0.0500
43	2.4660E+06	8.0800E+04	1.4000E+00	0.0333
44	2.3852E+06	1.9900E+04	1.4333E+00	0.0084
45	2.3653E+06	1.9600E+04	1.4417E+00	0.0083
46	2.3457E+06	3.8800E+04	1.4500E+00	0.0167
47	2.3069E+06	7.5600E+04	1.4667E+00	0.0333
48	2.2313E+06	1.0880E+05	1.5000E+00	0.0500
49	2.1225E+06	1.0350E+05	1.5500E+00	0.0500

TAB. 2.4 Continued

Neutron Group Energy Boundaries for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Energy Width [eV]	Upper Lethargy	Lethargy Width
50	2.0190E+06	9.8500E+04	1.6000E+00	0.0500
51	1.9205E+06	9.3700E+04	1.6500E+00	0.0500
52	1.8268E+06	8.9100E+04	1.7000E+00	0.0500
53	1.7377E+06	8.4700E+04	1.7500E+00	0.0500
54	1.6530E+06	8.0600E+04	1.8000E+00	0.0500
55	1.5724E+06	7.6700E+04	1.8500E+00	0.0500
56	1.4957E+06	7.3000E+04	1.9000E+00	0.0500
57	1.4227E+06	6.9300E+04	1.9500E+00	0.0500
58	1.3534E+06	6.6000E+04	2.0000E+00	0.0500
59	1.2874E+06	6.2800E+04	2.0500E+00	0.0500
60	1.2246E+06	5.9800E+04	2.1000E+00	0.0500
61	1.1648E+06	5.6800E+04	2.1500E+00	0.0500
62	1.1080E+06	1.0540E+05	2.2000E+00	0.1000
63	1.0026E+06	4.0960E+04	2.3000E+00	0.0417
64	9.6164E+05	5.4460E+04	2.3417E+00	0.0583
65	9.0718E+05	4.4240E+04	2.4000E+00	0.0500
66	8.6294E+05	4.2090E+04	2.4500E+00	0.0500
67	8.2085E+05	4.0030E+04	2.5000E+00	0.0500
68	7.8082E+05	3.8080E+04	2.5500E+00	0.0500
69	7.4274E+05	3.6230E+04	2.6000E+00	0.0500
70	7.0651E+05	3.4450E+04	2.6500E+00	0.0500
71	6.7206E+05	3.2780E+04	2.7000E+00	0.0500
72	6.3928E+05	3.1180E+04	2.7500E+00	0.0500
73	6.0810E+05	2.9660E+04	2.8000E+00	0.0500
74	5.7844E+05	2.8210E+04	2.8500E+00	0.0500
75	5.5023E+05	2.6830E+04	2.9000E+00	0.0500
76	5.2340E+05	2.5530E+04	2.9500E+00	0.0500
77	4.9787E+05	4.7380E+04	3.0000E+00	0.1000
78	4.5049E+05	4.2870E+04	3.1000E+00	0.1000
79	4.0762E+05	1.9880E+04	3.2000E+00	0.0500
80	3.8774E+05	1.8910E+04	3.2500E+00	0.0500
81	3.6883E+05	3.5100E+04	3.3000E+00	0.1000
82	3.3373E+05	3.1760E+04	3.4000E+00	0.1000
83	3.0197E+05	3.4800E+03	3.5000E+00	0.0116
84	2.9849E+05	1.2800E+03	3.5116E+00	0.0043
85	2.9721E+05	2.6900E+03	3.5159E+00	0.0091
86	2.9452E+05	7.2700E+03	3.5250E+00	0.0250
87	2.8725E+05	1.4010E+04	3.5500E+00	0.0500
88	2.7324E+05	2.6000E+04	3.6000E+00	0.1000
89	2.4724E+05	1.2060E+04	3.7000E+00	0.0500
90	2.3518E+05	1.1470E+04	3.7500E+00	0.0500
91	2.2371E+05	1.0910E+04	3.8000E+00	0.0500
92	2.1280E+05	1.0380E+04	3.8500E+00	0.0500
93	2.0242E+05	9.8700E+03	3.9000E+00	0.0500
94	1.9255E+05	9.3900E+03	3.9500E+00	0.0500
95	1.8316E+05	8.9400E+03	4.0000E+00	0.0500
96	1.7422E+05	8.4900E+03	4.0500E+00	0.0500
97	1.6573E+05	8.0900E+03	4.1000E+00	0.0500
98	1.5764E+05	7.6800E+03	4.1500E+00	0.0500

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 26	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 2.4 Continued

Neutron Group Energy Boundaries for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Energy Width [eV]	Upper Lethargy	Lethargy Width
99	1.4996E+05	7.3200E+03	4.2000E+00	0.0500
100	1.4264E+05	6.9500E+03	4.2500E+00	0.0500
101	1.3569E+05	6.6200E+03	4.3000E+00	0.0500
102	1.2907E+05	6.3000E+03	4.3500E+00	0.0500
103	1.2277E+05	5.9800E+03	4.4000E+00	0.0500
104	1.1679E+05	5.7000E+03	4.4500E+00	0.0500
105	1.1109E+05	1.3053E+04	4.5000E+00	0.1250
106	9.8037E+04	1.1520E+04	4.6250E+00	0.1250
107	8.6517E+04	4.0140E+03	4.7500E+00	0.0475
108	8.2503E+04	3.0040E+03	4.7975E+00	0.0371
109	7.9499E+04	7.5010E+03	4.8346E+00	0.0991
110	7.1998E+04	4.6190E+03	4.9337E+00	0.0663
111	6.7379E+04	1.0817E+04	5.0000E+00	0.1750
112	5.6562E+04	4.0870E+03	5.1750E+00	0.0750
113	5.2475E+04	6.1660E+03	5.2500E+00	0.1250
114	4.6309E+04	5.4410E+03	5.3750E+00	0.1250
115	4.0868E+04	6.5610E+03	5.5000E+00	0.1750
116	3.4307E+04	2.4790E+03	5.6750E+00	0.0750
117	3.1828E+04	3.3270E+03	5.7500E+00	0.1104
118	2.8501E+04	1.5010E+03	5.8604E+00	0.0541
119	2.7000E+04	9.4200E+02	5.9145E+00	0.0355
120	2.6058E+04	1.2700E+03	5.9500E+00	0.0500
121	2.4788E+04	6.1200E+02	6.0000E+00	0.0250
122	2.4176E+04	5.9700E+02	6.0250E+00	0.0250
123	2.3579E+04	1.7040E+03	6.0500E+00	0.0750
124	2.1875E+04	2.5700E+03	6.1250E+00	0.1250
125	1.9305E+04	4.2710E+03	6.2500E+00	0.2500
126	1.5034E+04	3.3250E+03	6.5000E+00	0.2500
127	1.1709E+04	1.1140E+03	6.7500E+00	0.1000
128	1.0595E+04	1.4762E+03	6.8500E+00	0.1500
129	9.1188E+03	2.0171E+03	7.0000E+00	0.2500
130	7.1017E+03	1.5709E+03	7.2500E+00	0.2500
131	5.5308E+03	1.2234E+03	7.5000E+00	0.2500
132	4.3074E+03	6.0000E+02	7.7500E+00	0.1500
133	3.7074E+03	3.5280E+02	7.9000E+00	0.1000
134	3.3546E+03	3.1920E+02	8.0000E+00	0.1000
135	3.0354E+03	2.8890E+02	8.1000E+00	0.1000
136	2.7465E+03	1.3390E+02	8.2000E+00	0.0500
137	2.6126E+03	1.2740E+02	8.2500E+00	0.0500
138	2.4852E+03	2.3650E+02	8.3000E+00	0.1000
139	2.2487E+03	2.1400E+02	8.4000E+00	0.1000
140	2.0347E+03	4.5010E+02	8.5000E+00	0.2500
141	1.5846E+03	3.5050E+02	8.7500E+00	0.2500
142	1.2341E+03	2.7298E+02	9.0000E+00	0.2500
143	9.6112E+02	2.1260E+02	9.2500E+00	0.2500
144	7.4852E+02	1.6557E+02	9.5000E+00	0.2500
145	5.8295E+02	1.2895E+02	9.7500E+00	0.2500
146	4.5400E+02	1.0043E+02	1.0000E+01	0.2500
147	3.5357E+02	7.8210E+01	1.0250E+01	0.2500

TAB. 2.4 Continued

Neutron Group Energy Boundaries for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Energy Width [eV]	Upper Lethargy	Lethargy Width
148	2.7536E+02	6.0910E+01	1.0500E+01	0.2500
149	2.1445E+02	4.7430E+01	1.0750E+01	0.2500
150	1.6702E+02	3.6950E+01	1.1000E+01	0.2500
151	1.3007E+02	2.8770E+01	1.1250E+01	0.2500
152	1.0130E+02	2.2407E+01	1.1500E+01	0.2500
153	7.8893E+01	1.7451E+01	1.1750E+01	0.2500
154	6.1442E+01	1.3591E+01	1.2000E+01	0.2500
155	4.7851E+01	1.0585E+01	1.2250E+01	0.2500
156	3.7266E+01	8.2430E+00	1.2500E+01	0.2500
157	2.9023E+01	6.4200E+00	1.2750E+01	0.2500
158	2.2603E+01	4.9990E+00	1.3000E+01	0.2500
159	1.7604E+01	3.8940E+00	1.3250E+01	0.2500
160	1.3710E+01	3.0330E+00	1.3500E+01	0.2500
161	1.0677E+01	2.3617E+00	1.3750E+01	0.2500
162	8.3153E+00	1.8393E+00	1.4000E+01	0.2500
163	6.4760E+00	1.4325E+00	1.4250E+01	0.2500
164	5.0435E+00	1.1156E+00	1.4500E+01	0.2500
165	3.9279E+00	8.6890E-01	1.4750E+01	0.2500
166	3.0590E+00	6.7660E-01	1.5000E+01	0.2500
167	2.3824E+00	5.2700E-01	1.5250E+01	0.2500
168	1.8554E+00	4.1040E-01	1.5500E+01	0.2500
169	1.4450E+00	1.4500E-01	1.5750E+01	0.1060
170	1.3000E+00	1.7470E-01	1.5856E+01	0.1440
171	1.1253E+00	4.5300E-02	1.6000E+01	0.0410
172	1.0800E+00	4.0000E-02	1.6041E+01	0.0380
173	1.0400E+00	4.0000E-02	1.6079E+01	0.0390
174	1.0000E+00	1.2357E-01	1.6118E+01	0.1320
175	8.7643E-01	7.6430E-02	1.6250E+01	0.0910
176	8.0000E-01	1.1744E-01	1.6341E+01	0.1590
177	6.8256E-01	5.7500E-02	1.6500E+01	0.0880
178	6.2506E-01	9.3480E-02	1.6588E+01	0.1620
179	5.3158E-01	3.1580E-02	1.6750E+01	0.0610
180	5.0000E-01	8.6010E-02	1.6811E+01	0.1890
181	4.1399E-01	4.7190E-02	1.7000E+01	0.1210
182	3.6680E-01	4.1800E-02	1.7121E+01	0.1210
183	3.2500E-01	5.0000E-02	1.7242E+01	0.1670
184	2.7500E-01	5.0000E-02	1.7409E+01	0.2010
185	2.2500E-01	4.1000E-02	1.7610E+01	0.2010
186	1.8400E-01	3.4000E-02	1.7811E+01	0.2040
187	1.5000E-01	2.5000E-02	1.8015E+01	0.1830
188	1.2500E-01	2.5000E-02	1.8198E+01	0.2230
189	1.0000E-01	3.0000E-02	1.8421E+01	0.3560
190	7.0000E-02	2.0000E-02	1.8777E+01	0.3370
191	5.0000E-02	1.0000E-02	1.9114E+01	0.2230
192	4.0000E-02	1.0000E-02	1.9337E+01	0.2880
193	3.0000E-02	9.0000E-03	1.9625E+01	0.3560
194	2.1000E-02	6.5000E-03	1.9981E+01	0.3710
195	1.4500E-02	4.5000E-03	2.0352E+01	0.3710
196	1.0000E-02	5.0000E-03	2.0723E+01	0.6930

TAB. 2.4 Continued

Neutron Group Energy Boundaries for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Energy Width [eV]	Upper Lethargy	Lethargy Width
197	5.0000E-03	3.0000E-03	2.1416E+01	0.9170
198	2.0000E-03	1.5000E-03	2.2333E+01	1.3860
199	5.0000E-04	4.9000E-04	2.3719E+01	3.9120
	Lower Energy		Lower Lethargy	
	1.0000E-05		2.7631E+01	

TAB. 2.5

Photon Group Energy Boundaries for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Energy Width [eV]	Upper Lethargy	Lethargy Width
1	3.0000E+07	1.0000E+07	-1.0986E+00	0.4055
2	2.0000E+07	6.0000E+06	-6.9315E-01	0.3567
3	1.4000E+07	2.0000E+06	-3.3647E-01	0.1542
4	1.2000E+07	2.0000E+06	-1.8232E-01	0.1823
5	1.0000E+07	2.0000E+06	0.0000E+00	0.2231
6	8.0000E+06	5.0000E+05	2.2314E-01	0.0645
7	7.5000E+06	5.0000E+05	2.8768E-01	0.0690
8	7.0000E+06	5.0000E+05	3.5667E-01	0.0741
9	6.5000E+06	5.0000E+05	4.3078E-01	0.0800
10	6.0000E+06	5.0000E+05	5.1083E-01	0.0870
11	5.5000E+06	5.0000E+05	5.9784E-01	0.0953
12	5.0000E+06	5.0000E+05	6.9315E-01	0.1054
13	4.5000E+06	5.0000E+05	7.9851E-01	0.1178
14	4.0000E+06	5.0000E+05	9.1629E-01	0.1335
15	3.5000E+06	5.0000E+05	1.0498E+00	0.1542
16	3.0000E+06	5.0000E+05	1.2040E+00	0.1823
17	2.5000E+06	5.0000E+05	1.3863E+00	0.2231
18	2.0000E+06	3.4000E+05	1.6094E+00	0.1863
19	1.6600E+06	1.6000E+05	1.7958E+00	0.1014
20	1.5000E+06	1.6000E+05	1.8971E+00	0.1128
21	1.3400E+06	1.0000E+04	2.0099E+00	0.0075
22	1.3300E+06	3.3000E+05	2.0174E+00	0.2852
23	1.0000E+06	2.0000E+05	2.3026E+00	0.2231
24	8.0000E+05	1.0000E+05	2.5257E+00	0.1335
25	7.0000E+05	1.0000E+05	2.6593E+00	0.1542
26	6.0000E+05	8.8000E+04	2.8134E+00	0.1586
27	5.1200E+05	2.0000E+03	2.9720E+00	0.0039
28	5.1000E+05	6.0000E+04	2.9759E+00	0.1252
29	4.5000E+05	5.0000E+04	3.1011E+00	0.1178
30	4.0000E+05	1.0000E+05	3.2189E+00	0.2877
31	3.0000E+05	1.0000E+05	3.5066E+00	0.4055
32	2.0000E+05	5.0000E+04	3.9120E+00	0.2877
33	1.5000E+05	5.0000E+04	4.1997E+00	0.4055
34	1.0000E+05	2.5000E+04	4.6052E+00	0.2877
35	7.5000E+04	5.0000E+03	4.8929E+00	0.0690
36	7.0000E+04	1.0000E+04	4.9618E+00	0.1542
37	6.0000E+04	1.5000E+04	5.1160E+00	0.2877
38	4.5000E+04	5.0000E+03	5.4037E+00	0.1178
39	4.0000E+04	1.0000E+04	5.5215E+00	0.2877
40	3.0000E+04	1.0000E+04	5.8091E+00	0.4055
41	2.0000E+04	1.0000E+04	6.2146E+00	0.6931
42	1.0000E+04	9.0000E+03	6.9078E+00	2.3026
Lower Energy 1.0000E+03			Lower Lethargy 9.2103E+00	

TAB. 2.6

VITENDF70.BOLIB Library Thermal Neutron Energy Range.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Lethargy Width	Group	Upper Energy [eV]	Lethargy Width
164	5.04350	0.250	182	0.36680	0.121
165	3.92790	0.250	183	0.32500	0.167
166	3.05900	0.250	184	0.27500	0.201
167	2.38240	0.250	185	0.22500	0.201
168	1.85540	0.250	186	0.18400	0.204
169	1.44500	0.106	187	0.15000	0.183
170	1.30000	0.144	188	0.12500	0.223
171	1.12530	0.041	189	0.10000	0.356
172	1.08000	0.038	190	0.07000	0.337
173	1.04000	0.039	191	0.05000	0.223
174	1.00000	0.132	192	0.04000	0.288
175	0.87643	0.091	193	0.03000	0.356
176	0.80000	0.159	194	0.02100	0.371
177	0.68256	0.088	195	0.01450	0.371
178	0.62506	0.162	196	0.01000	0.693
179	0.53158	0.061	197	0.00500	0.917
180	0.50000	0.189	198	0.00200	1.386
181	0.41399	0.121	199	0.00050	3.912
			Lower Energy 0.00001		

2.4 - Weighting Function

The neutron and photon weighting functions used to produce the VITENDF70.BOLIB library cross sections are the same as those employed in the generation of the VITAMIN-B6 /2/ cross sections.

The neutron weighting function is of the form typically chosen for fission reactor shielding problems, i.e. it consists of a smoothly varying combination of a Maxwellian thermal spectrum, a fission spectrum, and a “1/E” slowing down spectrum. This corresponds to the IWT=4 option in the GROUPR module of the NJOY /12/ system. The breakpoint energies for the 3-region spectrum are similar to those used in VITAMIN-C /20/. The breakpoint energy between the Maxwellian and 1/E shapes is 0.125 eV. The fission temperature has been adjusted to better reflect the neutron spectrum in a thermal reactor ($\theta = 1.273$ MeV). The use of a large number of energy groups should make the exact functional form and energy break points less important compared to generating a broad-group library directly from ENDF/B data. The functional form of the weighting spectrum is given by the following:

Functional Form	Energy Limits	Groups
1. Maxwellian Thermal Spectrum ($kT = 0.025$ eV)		
$W_1(E) = C_1 E e^{-E/kT}$	1.0E-5 eV to 0.125 eV	188-199
2. “1/E” Slowing-Down Spectrum		
$W_2(E) = C_2/E$	0.125 eV to 820.8 keV	67-187
3. Fission Spectrum ($\theta = 1.273$ MeV)		
$W_3(E) = C_3 E^{1/2} e^{-E/\theta}$	820.8 keV to 20 MeV	1-66

A continuous weighting spectrum is achieved with the following constants: $C_1 = 9498.4 \text{ eV}^{-2}$, $C_2 = 1.0$ and $C_3 = 2.5625 \text{ MeV}^{-1.5}$. The neutron weighting function is shown in FIG. 2.1 and listed in TAB. 2.7 in a 199 group representation.

The photon weighting spectrum consists of a 1/E spectrum with a “roll-off” of the spectrum at lower energies to represent photoelectric absorption and a similar drop-off of the spectrum at higher energies corresponding to the Q-value for neutron capture. This corresponds to the IWT=3 input option in the GAMINR module of the NJOY system. The gamma ray weighting function is shown in FIG. 2.2 and listed in TAB. 2.8 in a 42 group representation.

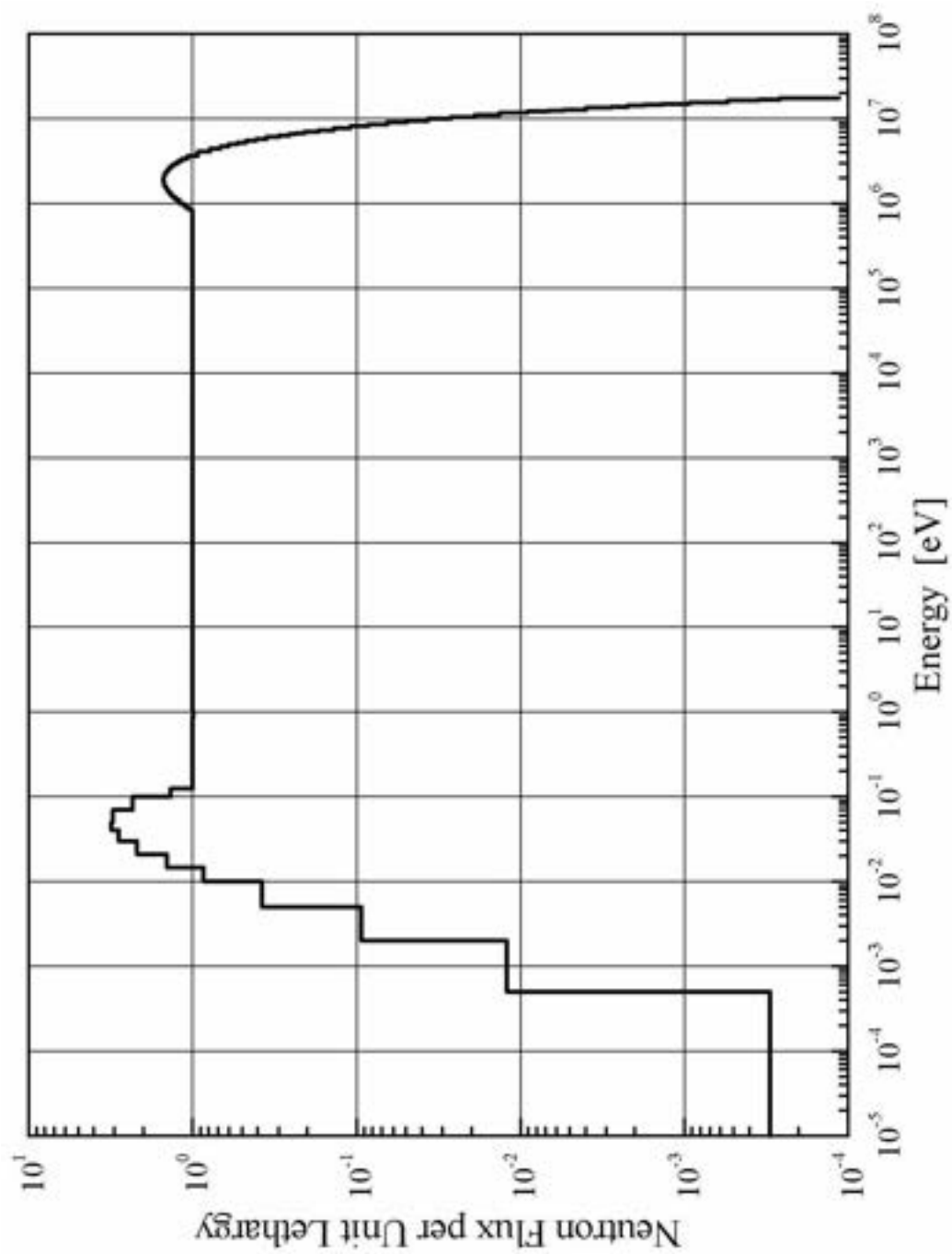


FIG. 2.1 199 Group Representation of Standard Weighting Spectrum Used to Create VITENDF70.BOLIB Neutron Cross Sections from ENDF/B-VII.0 Pointwise Data.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione	Rev.	Distrib.	Pag.	di
	NNFISS-LP2-065	0	L	33	64

TAB. 2.7

Neutron Energy Weighting Spectrum for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Weight	Group	Weight	Group	Weight
1	1.423E-05	51	7.543E-02	101	5.002E-02
2	6.578E-06	52	7.516E-02	102	5.004E-02
3	8.861E-06	53	7.461E-02	103	4.994E-02
4	2.733E-05	54	7.389E-02	104	5.004E-02
5	4.690E-05	55	7.295E-02	105	1.250E-01
6	3.419E-05	56	7.181E-02	106	1.250E-01
7	4.380E-05	57	7.031E-02	107	4.751E-02
8	5.590E-05	58	6.888E-02	108	3.709E-02
9	7.036E-05	59	6.723E-02	109	9.911E-02
10	1.991E-04	60	6.552E-02	110	6.631E-02
11	1.368E-04	61	6.354E-02	111	1.750E-01
12	1.684E-04	62	1.211E-01	112	7.500E-02
13	4.576E-04	63	4.809E-02	113	1.250E-01
14	6.684E-04	64	6.474E-02	114	1.250E-01
15	9.574E-04	65	5.321E-02	115	1.750E-01
16	1.342E-03	66	5.108E-02	116	7.500E-02
17	1.843E-03	67	5.000E-02	117	1.104E-01
18	2.482E-03	68	5.000E-02	118	5.410E-02
19	3.285E-03	69	5.001E-02	119	3.551E-02
20	4.272E-03	70	4.999E-02	120	4.997E-02
21	5.465E-03	71	5.001E-02	121	2.500E-02
22	6.882E-03	72	5.000E-02	122	2.500E-02
23	8.540E-03	73	5.000E-02	123	7.501E-02
24	1.045E-02	74	5.000E-02	124	1.250E-01
25	3.951E-03	75	4.999E-02	125	2.501E-01
26	8.659E-03	76	5.001E-02	126	2.500E-01
27	1.503E-02	77	1.000E-01	127	9.998E-02
28	1.769E-02	78	1.000E-01	128	1.500E-01
29	2.058E-02	79	5.000E-02	129	2.500E-01
30	2.368E-02	80	5.000E-02	130	2.500E-01
31	2.697E-02	81	1.000E-01	131	2.500E-01
32	3.041E-02	82	1.000E-01	132	1.500E-01
33	3.397E-02	83	1.159E-02	133	1.000E-01
34	7.885E-02	84	4.297E-03	134	9.999E-02
35	9.338E-02	85	9.092E-03	135	1.000E-01
36	1.073E-01	86	2.499E-02	136	4.998E-02
37	5.848E-02	87	5.000E-02	137	4.999E-02
38	6.148E-02	88	9.999E-02	138	1.000E-01
39	6.413E-02	89	5.001E-02	139	1.000E-01
40	6.666E-02	90	5.000E-02	140	2.500E-01
41	6.879E-02	91	5.000E-02	141	2.500E-01
42	7.065E-02	92	5.001E-02	142	2.500E-01
43	4.797E-02	93	4.999E-02	143	2.500E-01
44	1.216E-02	94	5.000E-02	144	2.500E-01
45	1.212E-02	95	5.004E-02	145	2.500E-01
46	2.439E-02	96	4.996E-02	146	2.500E-01
47	4.909E-02	97	5.005E-02	147	2.500E-01
48	7.440E-02	98	4.995E-02	148	2.500E-01
49	7.503E-02	99	5.004E-02	149	2.500E-01
50	7.539E-02	100	4.995E-02	150	2.500E-01

TAB. 2.7 Continued

Neutron Energy Weighting Spectrum for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Weight	Group	Weight	Group	Weight
151	2.500E-01	168	2.500E-01	185	2.012E-01
152	2.500E-01	169	1.057E-01	186	2.043E-01
153	2.500E-01	170	1.443E-01	187	1.823E-01
154	2.500E-01	171	4.109E-02	188	3.037E-01
155	2.500E-01	172	3.774E-02	189	8.282E-01
156	2.500E-01	173	3.922E-02	190	1.038E+00
157	2.500E-01	174	1.319E-01	191	7.060E-01
158	2.500E-01	175	9.125E-02	192	8.174E-01
159	2.500E-01	176	1.588E-01	193	7.820E-01
160	2.500E-01	177	8.800E-02	194	5.360E-01
161	2.500E-01	178	1.620E-01	195	3.194E-01
162	2.500E-01	179	6.125E-02	196	2.614E-01
163	2.500E-01	180	1.888E-01	197	8.601E-02
164	2.500E-01	181	1.210E-01	198	1.684E-02
165	2.500E-01	182	1.210E-01	199	1.171E-03
166	2.500E-01	183	1.671E-01		
167	2.500E-01	184	2.007E-01		

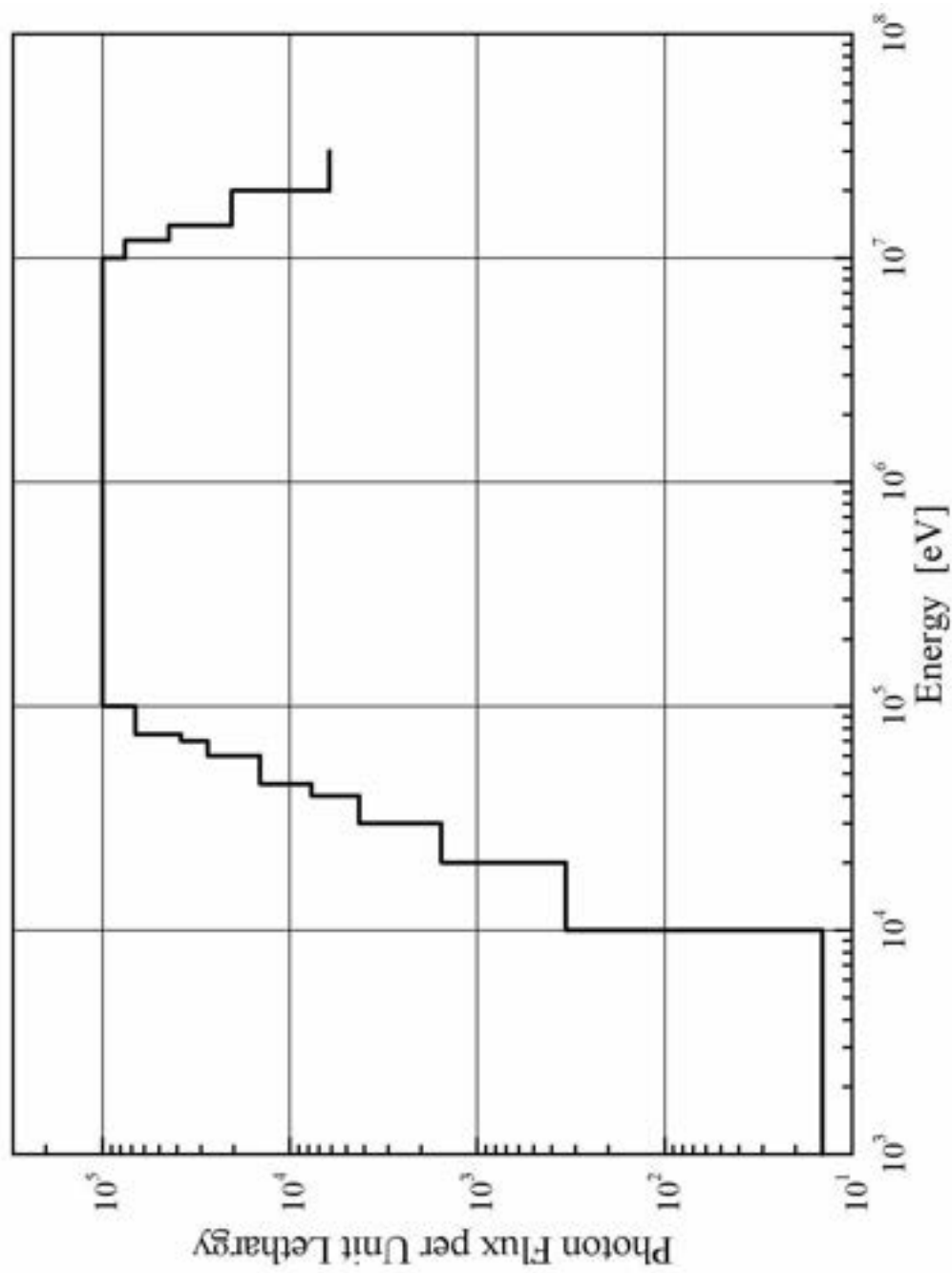


FIG. 2.2 42 Group Representation of Standard Weighting Spectrum Used to Create VITENDF70.BOLIB Photon Cross Sections from ENDF/B-VII.0 Pointwise Data.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione	Rev.	Distrib.	Pag.	di
	NNFISS-LP2-065	0	L	36	64

TAB. 2.8

Photon Energy Weighting Spectrum for the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library.

Group	Weight	Group	Weight	Group	Weight
1	2.498E+03	15	1.542E+04	29	1.178E+04
2	7.298E+03	16	1.824E+04	30	2.877E+04
3	6.824E+03	17	2.232E+04	31	4.055E+04
4	1.387E+04	18	1.864E+04	32	2.877E+04
5	2.232E+04	19	1.014E+04	33	4.055E+04
6	6.455E+03	20	1.128E+04	34	1.927E+04
7	6.901E+03	21	7.491E+02	35	2.629E+03
8	7.413E+03	22	2.852E+04	36	4.233E+03
9	8.006E+03	23	2.232E+04	37	4.163E+03
10	8.703E+03	24	1.335E+04	38	9.042E+02
11	9.534E+03	25	1.542E+04	39	1.233E+03
12	1.054E+04	26	1.586E+04	40	6.333E+02
13	1.178E+04	27	3.914E+02	41	2.333E+02
14	1.336E+04	28	1.252E+04	42	3.330E+01

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 37	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

2.5 - Legendre Order of Scattering

The order of scattering used for both neutrons and photons is P_7 , for nuclides with $Z=1$ through $Z=29$ (copper) and P_5 for the remainder of the nuclides. In particular, the previous values corresponding to $L=\ell$ -max, the maximum order of the Legendre polynomial (P_ℓ) expansion of the scattering cross section matrix, available for each nuclide of the library, are listed in TAB. 2.2.

Most calculations are likely to be done with P_3 scattering, but for some problems, e.g., when single scatter events dominate, higher orders may be required as stated in the VITAMIN-B6 /2/ library user's manual. For the same nuclide, an identical order of scattering for both neutrons and photons was adopted in the generation of the VITAMIN-B6, VITJEFF22.BOLIB /4/, MATJEF22.BOLIB /28/, VITJEFF31.BOLIB /5/, MATJEFF31.BOLIB /29/, VITJEFF311.BOLIB /6/ and VITENDF70.BOLIB cross sections.

2.6 - Convergence Parameters

The following numerical values of the fractional error tolerances were chosen as input parameters in NJOY /12/ to generate the libraries VITENDF70.BOLIB, VITJEFF311.BOLIB /6/, VITJEFF31.BOLIB /5/ and MATJEFF31.BOLIB /29/: 0.1% for resolved resonance reconstruction and for linearization in RECONR and 0.1% for thinning in BROADR. These data have reduced numerical values with respect to the 0.2% corresponding error tolerance values used to generate VITAMIN-B6 /2/, VITJEFF22.BOLIB /4/ and MATJEF22.BOLIB /28/, chosen on the basis of the ORNL experience with the VITAMIN libraries and the experience of the NJOY users.

2.7 - Processing Codes and Procedures

The NJOY-99.259 /12/ nuclear data processing system and the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the SCAMPI /14/ nuclear data processing system were used on a Personal Computer (CPU INTEL Pentium III, 448 MB of RAM; FSF-g77 version 0.5.26 FORTRAN compiler for NJOY and f77 Absoft version 5.0 FORTRAN 77 compiler for SCAMPI) with the Linux Red Hat 7.1 operating system to generate the VITENDF70.BOLIB library. The following modules of NJOY were used to process neutron interaction (n-n), gamma ray production (n- γ) and gamma ray interaction (γ - γ) data into the GENDF format, from the ENDF/B-VII.0 incident neutron and photo-atomic data in ENDF-6 /57/ format. Specifically, the MODER, RECONR, BROADR, THERMR, HEATR, GASPR, PURR, GROUPE modules were used for the incident neutron data while the MODER, RECONR and GAMINR modules were used for the photo-atomic data. Then the ENEA-Bologna revised version of the SMILER module, contained in the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of SCAMPI, was used to translate the fine-group data from the GENDF format into the AMPX master library format of VITENDF70.BOLIB. The RADE module of SCAMPI was used to check and screen the data for internal consistency and "sanity", i.e. the data values are physical and within expected bounds. Then the module AIM of SCAMPI was used to convert the master cross section libraries for the standard and bound nuclide cross section files from binary to BCD format.

A brief description of the function of the NJOY and SCAMPI modules is presented in TAB. 2.9. A schematic diagram illustrating the VITENDF70.BOLIB processing procedure to produce the standard nuclide cross section files is given in FIG. 2.3, while the procedure to produce the bound nuclide cross section files is reported in FIG. 2.4.

TAB. 2.9

Modules from the NJOY-99.259 and SCAMPI
Nuclear Data Processing Systems Used to Process VITENDF70.BOLIB.

NJOY-99.259 System

Module	Function
MODER	Converts between ENDF/B standard coded mode and the NJOY blocked binary mode.
RECONR	Reconstructs point-wise cross sections from JEFF resonance parameters and interpolation schemes.
BROADR	Doppler-broadens and thins point-wise cross sections.
THERMR	Produces cross sections and energy-to-energy matrices for free or bound scatterers in the thermal energy range.
HEATR	Generates heat production cross sections (KERMA factors) and damage-energy production.
GASPR	Computes gas production cross sections.
PURR	Computes probability tables and effective point-wise self-shielded cross sections in the unresolved energy range.
GROUPR	Generates self-shielded multi-group cross sections and group-to-group scattering and photon production matrices in GENDF format.
GAMINR	Computes multi-group photo-atomic cross sections, KERMA factors, group-to-group photon scattering matrices.

SCAMPI System (ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision)

Module	Function
SMILER	Translates GENDF files produced by NJOY into AMPX master interface format.
RADE	Performs sanity and consistency tests on multi-group libraries.
AIM	Converts master cross section libraries from binary format to BCD (or vice-versa).

FIG. 2.3 Procedure for Generating the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library in AMPX Format from ENDF/B-VII.0.

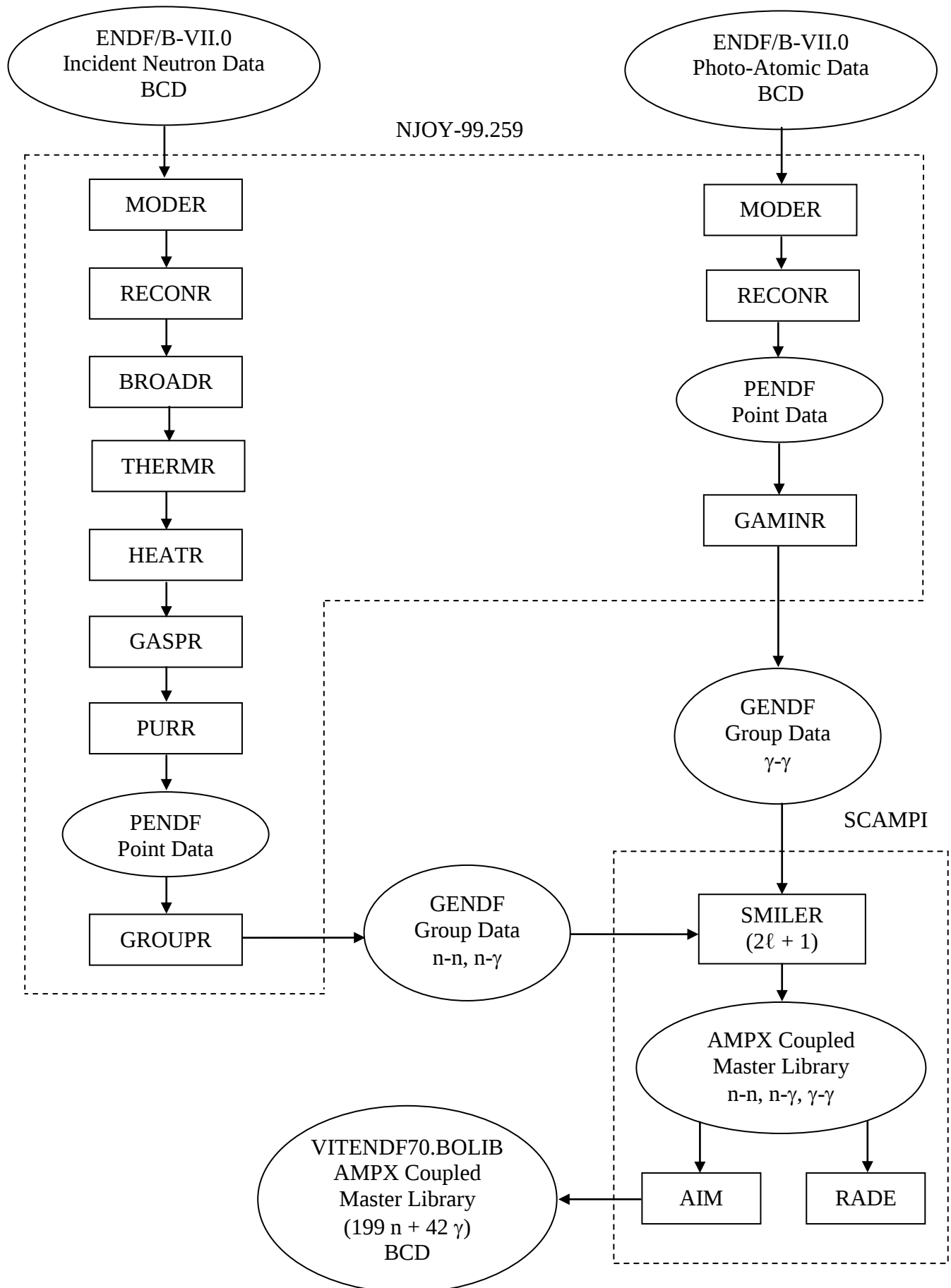
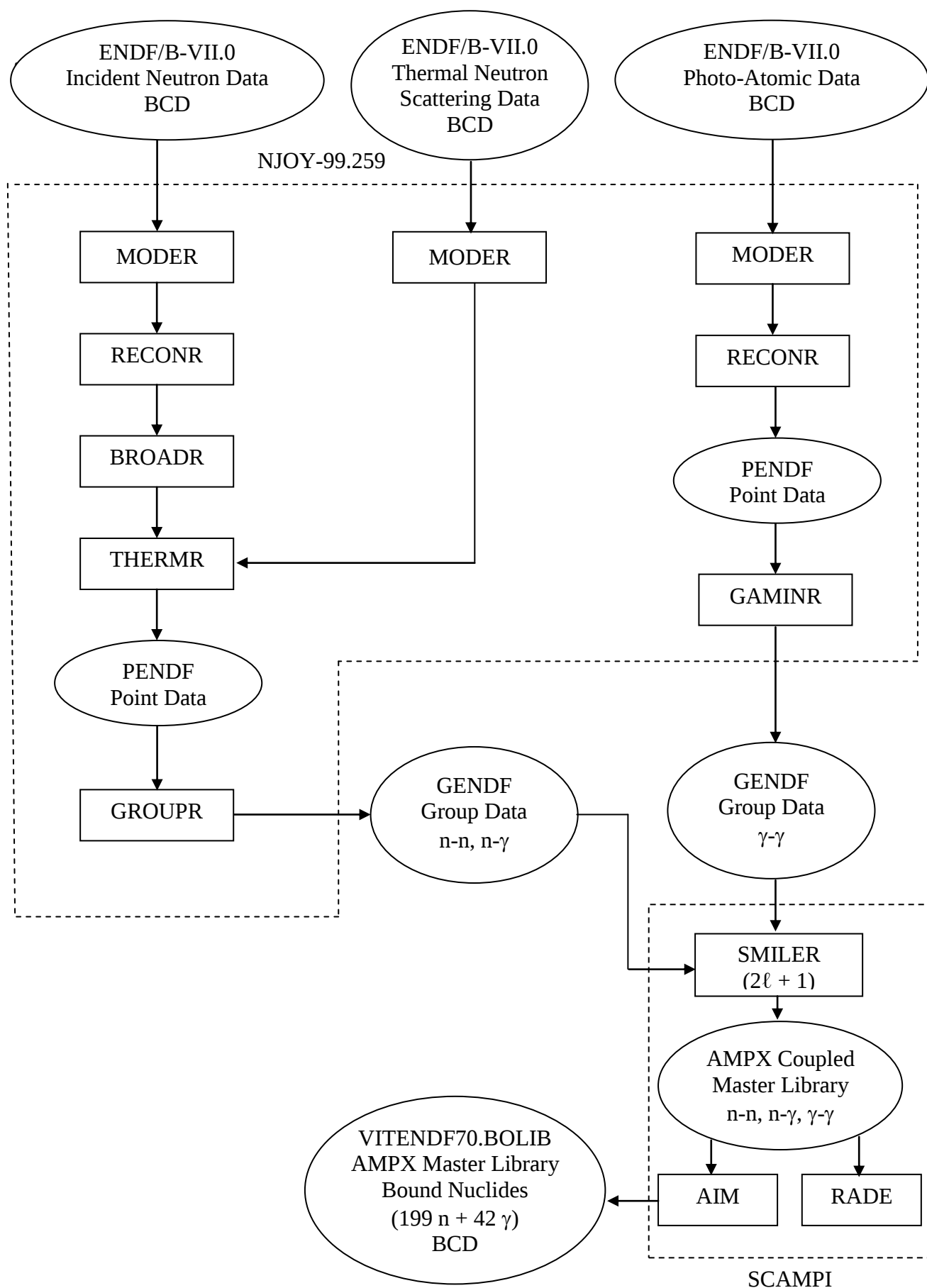


FIG. 2.4 Procedure for Generating the VITENDF70.BOLIB Bound Nuclides in AMPX Format from ENDF/B-VII.0.



 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 41	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

2.8 - Response Functions

At present only the following “response” functions are included in tabulated form in the VITENDF70.BOLIB library package: neutron and photon group energy boundaries, neutron and photon group energy widths, neutron and photon group lethargy boundaries, neutron and photon group lethargy widths, total (prompt + delayed) neutron fission spectra (χ) for the U-235, U-238 and Pu-239 nuclides.

The total neutron fission spectra (χ) were obtained through the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the SCAMPI /14/ system which allows processing of delayed neutron spectra. In particular the BONAMI and NITAWL modules were firstly used to generate an AMPX working file for each fissile nuclide, containing infinitely dilute cross sections (background cross section $\sigma_0 = 1.0E+10$ barns) at the temperature of 300 °K. Then the fine-group χ -vectors were calculated by the ICE module with the KOPT=4 option (nuclide-dependent spectrum option) in the 1\$\$ array, i.e. using the neutron flux spectrum derived from the weighting functions corresponding to the IWT=4 option in GROUPR (see 2.4), always provided in each nuclide data file of an AMPX working library.

Then the normalization of the total neutron fission spectra (χ) to one neutron per fission was performed since the ICE module with the KOPT=4 option does not ensure a proper normalization (see /14/).

The resulting total neutron fission spectra for the U-235, U-238 and Pu-239 nuclides are reported in TAB. 2.10.

A 199 group representation of the U-235, U-238 and Pu-239 total neutron fission spectra are shown in FIG. 2.5.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 42	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 2.10

VITENDF70.BOLIB Library Total Neutron Fission Spectra for U-235, U-238 and Pu-239.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	U-235 X	U-238 X	Pu-239 X
1	1.9640E+07	4.48487E-06	3.96812E-06	8.08940E-06
2	1.7332E+07	1.78036E-06	1.61066E-06	3.04165E-06
3	1.6905E+07	2.53075E-06	2.20345E-06	4.24039E-06
4	1.6487E+07	7.81808E-06	6.95344E-06	1.28221E-05
5	1.5683E+07	1.38041E-05	1.22533E-05	2.20075E-05
6	1.4918E+07	1.04142E-05	9.08987E-06	1.62518E-05
7	1.4550E+07	1.34914E-05	1.17857E-05	2.07938E-05
8	1.4191E+07	1.67525E-05	1.52045E-05	2.55743E-05
9	1.3840E+07	2.22662E-05	1.93326E-05	3.34426E-05
10	1.3499E+07	6.20470E-05	5.55362E-05	9.17669E-05
11	1.2840E+07	4.44299E-05	3.86555E-05	6.44415E-05
12	1.2523E+07	5.48109E-05	4.79983E-05	7.86931E-05
13	1.2214E+07	1.47656E-04	1.32016E-04	2.08738E-04
14	1.1618E+07	2.20844E-04	1.95609E-04	3.05587E-04
15	1.1052E+07	3.19935E-04	2.83836E-04	4.33535E-04
16	1.0513E+07	4.49962E-04	4.02938E-04	5.98666E-04
17	1.0000E+07	5.99349E-04	5.58856E-04	7.85270E-04
18	9.5123E+06	8.15877E-04	7.61601E-04	1.04929E-03
19	9.0484E+06	1.09028E-03	1.01902E-03	1.37736E-03
20	8.6071E+06	1.43116E-03	1.33946E-03	1.77749E-03
21	8.1873E+06	1.84627E-03	1.73067E-03	2.25656E-03
22	7.7880E+06	2.34208E-03	2.19927E-03	2.82002E-03
23	7.4082E+06	2.92318E-03	2.75017E-03	3.47132E-03
24	7.0469E+06	3.59131E-03	3.38571E-03	4.21079E-03
25	6.7032E+06	1.36042E-03	1.28433E-03	1.58274E-03
26	6.5924E+06	2.98418E-03	2.82034E-03	3.45219E-03
27	6.3763E+06	5.18167E-03	4.90604E-03	5.94099E-03
28	6.0653E+06	6.09432E-03	5.78236E-03	6.91861E-03
29	5.7695E+06	7.07797E-03	6.72959E-03	7.96166E-03
30	5.4881E+06	8.12031E-03	7.73577E-03	9.05525E-03
31	5.2205E+06	9.21823E-03	8.79774E-03	1.01951E-02
32	4.9659E+06	1.03591E-02	9.90336E-03	1.13661E-02
33	4.7237E+06	1.15317E-02	1.10417E-02	1.25555E-02
34	4.4933E+06	2.66534E-02	2.55783E-02	2.86918E-02
35	4.0657E+06	3.14418E-02	3.02593E-02	3.33648E-02
36	3.6788E+06	3.60420E-02	3.47873E-02	3.77335E-02
37	3.3287E+06	1.96141E-02	1.89743E-02	2.03429E-02
38	3.1664E+06	2.06016E-02	1.99625E-02	2.12414E-02
39	3.0119E+06	2.14605E-02	2.08363E-02	2.20036E-02
40	2.8651E+06	2.22674E-02	2.16613E-02	2.27134E-02
41	2.7253E+06	2.29212E-02	2.23406E-02	2.32705E-02
42	2.5924E+06	2.34670E-02	2.29205E-02	2.37220E-02
43	2.4660E+06	1.58833E-02	1.55410E-02	1.60031E-02
44	2.3852E+06	4.01958E-03	3.93646E-03	4.04369E-03
45	2.3653E+06	4.00129E-03	3.92024E-03	4.02276E-03
46	2.3457E+06	8.04429E-03	7.88599E-03	8.08050E-03
47	2.3069E+06	1.61487E-02	1.58471E-02	1.61953E-02
48	2.2313E+06	2.43563E-02	2.39476E-02	2.43645E-02
49	2.1225E+06	2.44031E-02	2.40480E-02	2.43438E-02

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 43	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 2.10 Continued

VITENDF70.BOLIB Library Total Neutron Fission Spectra for U-235, U-238 and Pu-239.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	U-235 X	U-238 X	Pu-239 X
50	2.0190E+06	2.43446E-02	2.40485E-02	2.42247E-02
51	1.9205E+06	2.41644E-02	2.39299E-02	2.39929E-02
52	1.8268E+06	2.38759E-02	2.36894E-02	2.36599E-02
53	1.7377E+06	2.34973E-02	2.33656E-02	2.32394E-02
54	1.6530E+06	2.30653E-02	2.29788E-02	2.27713E-02
55	1.5724E+06	2.25743E-02	2.25411E-02	2.22444E-02
56	1.4957E+06	2.20394E-02	2.20779E-02	2.16740E-02
57	1.4227E+06	2.14035E-02	2.14608E-02	2.10102E-02
58	1.3534E+06	2.07889E-02	2.08802E-02	2.03799E-02
59	1.2874E+06	2.01424E-02	2.02639E-02	1.97095E-02
60	1.2246E+06	1.95105E-02	1.96781E-02	1.90497E-02
61	1.1648E+06	1.88028E-02	1.89854E-02	1.83262E-02
62	1.1080E+06	3.54943E-02	3.59530E-02	3.45146E-02
63	1.0026E+06	1.39988E-02	1.42192E-02	1.35762E-02
64	9.6164E+05	1.87557E-02	1.90732E-02	1.81574E-02
65	9.0718E+05	1.53248E-02	1.55992E-02	1.48163E-02
66	8.6294E+05	1.46545E-02	1.49572E-02	1.41468E-02
67	8.2085E+05	1.39821E-02	1.42882E-02	1.34708E-02
68	7.8082E+05	1.33466E-02	1.36751E-02	1.28294E-02
69	7.4274E+05	1.27009E-02	1.30335E-02	1.21924E-02
70	7.0651E+05	1.20706E-02	1.24073E-02	1.15671E-02
71	6.7206E+05	1.14668E-02	1.18034E-02	1.09706E-02
72	6.3928E+05	1.08914E-02	1.12478E-02	1.03949E-02
73	6.0810E+05	1.03235E-02	1.06967E-02	9.84075E-03
74	5.7844E+05	9.76520E-03	1.01484E-02	9.29471E-03
75	5.5023E+05	9.22553E-03	9.60066E-03	8.76171E-03
76	5.2340E+05	8.72337E-03	9.11924E-03	8.26667E-03
77	4.9787E+05	1.59481E-02	1.67150E-02	1.50931E-02
78	4.5049E+05	1.40613E-02	1.47590E-02	1.32947E-02
79	4.0762E+05	6.40656E-03	6.74257E-03	6.04067E-03
80	3.8774E+05	6.02002E-03	6.35863E-03	5.66889E-03
81	3.6883E+05	1.08842E-02	1.15143E-02	1.02493E-02
82	3.3373E+05	9.52454E-03	1.00995E-02	8.95953E-03
83	3.0197E+05	1.02262E-03	1.08605E-03	9.61614E-04
84	2.9849E+05	3.75182E-04	3.98718E-04	3.52722E-04
85	2.9721E+05	7.86566E-04	8.36010E-04	7.39444E-04
86	2.9452E+05	2.11344E-03	2.24788E-03	1.98634E-03
87	2.8725E+05	4.02252E-03	4.28495E-03	3.77777E-03
88	2.7324E+05	7.26811E-03	7.74599E-03	6.82012E-03
89	2.4724E+05	3.27331E-03	3.49017E-03	3.06853E-03
90	2.3518E+05	3.05036E-03	3.25667E-03	2.85961E-03
91	2.2371E+05	2.84389E-03	3.03769E-03	2.66514E-03
92	2.1280E+05	2.64960E-03	2.83138E-03	2.48324E-03
93	2.0242E+05	2.46704E-03	2.64182E-03	2.31239E-03
94	1.9255E+05	2.30370E-03	2.47644E-03	2.15560E-03
95	1.8316E+05	2.15113E-03	2.31750E-03	2.00998E-03
96	1.7422E+05	2.00153E-03	2.15774E-03	1.86855E-03
97	1.6573E+05	1.86740E-03	2.01254E-03	1.74253E-03
98	1.5764E+05	1.73463E-03	1.86757E-03	1.61862E-03

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 44	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 2.10 Continued

VITENDF70.BOLIB Library Total Neutron Fission Spectra for U-235, U-238 and Pu-239.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	U-235 X	U-238 X	Pu-239 X
99	1.4996E+05	1.61776E-03	1.74049E-03	1.50952E-03
100	1.4264E+05	1.50372E-03	1.61996E-03	1.40221E-03
101	1.3569E+05	1.40184E-03	1.51244E-03	1.30638E-03
102	1.2907E+05	1.30530E-03	1.41228E-03	1.21556E-03
103	1.2277E+05	1.21089E-03	1.31028E-03	1.12779E-03
104	1.1679E+05	1.12782E-03	1.22064E-03	1.05046E-03
105	1.1109E+05	2.48174E-03	2.68071E-03	2.31195E-03
106	9.8037E+04	2.07246E-03	2.24412E-03	1.92774E-03
107	8.6517E+04	6.93576E-04	7.53783E-04	6.44999E-04
108	8.2503E+04	5.09006E-04	5.53796E-04	4.73142E-04
109	7.9499E+04	1.23035E-03	1.34208E-03	1.14311E-03
110	7.1998E+04	7.27543E-04	7.87821E-04	6.76125E-04
111	6.7379E+04	1.60973E-03	1.73204E-03	1.49606E-03
112	5.6562E+04	5.72664E-04	6.15820E-04	5.31977E-04
113	5.2475E+04	8.24983E-04	8.91338E-04	7.65589E-04
114	4.6309E+04	6.86850E-04	7.45611E-04	6.36411E-04
115	4.0868E+04	7.71330E-04	8.38078E-04	7.14334E-04
116	3.4307E+04	2.74573E-04	2.99190E-04	2.53852E-04
117	3.1828E+04	3.54298E-04	3.87604E-04	3.26313E-04
118	2.8501E+04	1.54479E-04	1.69722E-04	1.41650E-04
119	2.7000E+04	9.49637E-05	1.04482E-04	8.69987E-05
120	2.6058E+04	1.25548E-04	1.38323E-04	1.14918E-04
121	2.4788E+04	5.94622E-05	6.55945E-05	5.43843E-05
122	2.4176E+04	5.73442E-05	6.33113E-05	5.24194E-05
123	2.3579E+04	1.60003E-04	1.76954E-04	1.46105E-04
124	2.1875E+04	2.31266E-04	2.57489E-04	2.10222E-04
125	1.9305E+04	3.56542E-04	4.03479E-04	3.20453E-04
126	1.5034E+04	2.48177E-04	2.84193E-04	2.21343E-04
127	1.1709E+04	7.67522E-05	8.87156E-05	6.80352E-05
128	1.0595E+04	9.28095E-05	1.04500E-04	8.39487E-05
129	9.1188E+03	1.12799E-04	1.24855E-04	1.03421E-04
130	7.1017E+03	7.82429E-05	8.75073E-05	7.13475E-05
131	5.5308E+03	5.43256E-05	6.14618E-05	4.92361E-05
132	4.3074E+03	2.42788E-05	2.77521E-05	2.18829E-05
133	3.7074E+03	1.34838E-05	1.55175E-05	1.21085E-05
134	3.3546E+03	1.16632E-05	1.34976E-05	1.04417E-05
135	3.0354E+03	1.00942E-05	1.17498E-05	9.00811E-06
136	2.7465E+03	4.52318E-06	5.28900E-06	4.02638E-06
137	2.6126E+03	4.20916E-06	4.93689E-06	3.74048E-06
138	2.4852E+03	7.56126E-06	8.90970E-06	6.70189E-06
139	2.2487E+03	6.54719E-06	7.76442E-06	5.78204E-06
140	2.0347E+03	1.27876E-05	1.53378E-05	1.12198E-05
141	1.5846E+03	8.94093E-06	1.09171E-05	7.76302E-06
142	1.2341E+03	6.26443E-06	7.79748E-06	5.37656E-06
143	9.6112E+02	4.39888E-06	5.58861E-06	3.72765E-06
144	7.4852E+02	3.09549E-06	4.01912E-06	2.58669E-06
145	5.8295E+02	2.18380E-06	2.90106E-06	1.79711E-06
146	4.5400E+02	1.54473E-06	2.10179E-06	1.25015E-06
147	3.5357E+02	1.09569E-06	1.52832E-06	8.70805E-07

TAB. 2.10 Continued

VITENDF70.BOLIB Library Total Neutron Fission Spectra for U-235, U-238 and Pu-239.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	U-235 X	U-238 X	Pu-239 X
148	2.7536E+02	7.79591E-07	1.11567E-06	6.07561E-07
149	2.1445E+02	5.56391E-07	8.17495E-07	4.24569E-07
150	1.6702E+02	3.98609E-07	6.01613E-07	2.97383E-07
151	1.3007E+02	2.86418E-07	4.44212E-07	2.08611E-07
152	1.0130E+02	2.06642E-07	3.29365E-07	1.46736E-07
153	7.8893E+01	1.49629E-07	2.45099E-07	1.03450E-07
154	6.1442E+01	1.08761E-07	1.83045E-07	7.31235E-08
155	4.7851E+01	7.93633E-08	1.37177E-07	5.18335E-08
156	3.7266E+01	5.81324E-08	1.03129E-07	3.68484E-08
157	2.9023E+01	4.27526E-08	7.77828E-08	2.62821E-08
158	2.2603E+01	3.15557E-08	5.88235E-08	1.88039E-08
159	1.7604E+01	2.33884E-08	4.46235E-08	1.35056E-08
160	1.3710E+01	1.73974E-08	3.39341E-08	9.73426E-09
161	1.0677E+01	1.28576E-08	2.57326E-08	6.91964E-09
162	8.3153E+00	9.32006E-09	1.93467E-08	4.72477E-09
163	6.4760E+00	6.82789E-09	1.46367E-08	3.26711E-09
164	5.0435E+00	5.05610E-09	1.11373E-08	2.29406E-09
165	3.9279E+00	3.77951E-09	8.51593E-09	1.63493E-09
166	3.0590E+00	2.84692E-09	6.53510E-09	1.18103E-09
167	2.3824E+00	2.15915E-09	5.03183E-09	8.64046E-10
168	1.8554E+00	1.64607E-09	3.88314E-09	6.39000E-10
169	1.4450E+00	5.74175E-10	1.36455E-09	2.18677E-10
170	1.3000E+00	6.86647E-10	1.63892E-09	2.58550E-10
171	1.1253E+00	1.77133E-10	4.23951E-10	6.61649E-11
172	1.0800E+00	1.56095E-10	3.74040E-10	5.81233E-11
173	1.0400E+00	1.55801E-10	3.73750E-10	5.78416E-11
174	1.0000E+00	4.79449E-10	1.15297E-09	1.76907E-10
175	8.7643E-01	2.95142E-10	7.11677E-10	1.08074E-10
176	8.0000E-01	4.51413E-10	1.09150E-09	1.64059E-10
177	6.8256E-01	2.20092E-10	5.33446E-10	7.94394E-11
178	6.2506E-01	3.56516E-10	8.65988E-10	1.27905E-10
179	5.3158E-01	1.20077E-10	2.92169E-10	4.28619E-11
180	5.0000E-01	3.26108E-10	7.94870E-10	1.15846E-10
181	4.1399E-01	1.78344E-10	4.35521E-10	6.30065E-11
182	3.6680E-01	1.57631E-10	3.85441E-10	5.54824E-11
183	3.2500E-01	1.88132E-10	4.60640E-10	6.59624E-11
184	2.7500E-01	1.87673E-10	4.60189E-10	6.55222E-11
185	2.2500E-01	1.53549E-10	3.76999E-10	5.33996E-11
186	1.8400E-01	1.27099E-10	3.12384E-10	4.40581E-11
187	1.5000E-01	9.33193E-11	2.29148E-10	3.22658E-11
188	1.2500E-01	9.32044E-11	2.29009E-10	3.21557E-11
189	1.0000E-01	1.11694E-10	2.74792E-10	3.84416E-11
190	7.0000E-02	7.43700E-11	1.83174E-10	2.55395E-11
191	5.0000E-02	3.71573E-11	9.15869E-11	1.27432E-11
192	4.0000E-02	3.71390E-11	9.15868E-11	1.27257E-11
193	3.0000E-02	3.34095E-11	8.24281E-11	1.14381E-11
194	2.1000E-02	2.41198E-11	5.95314E-11	8.25198E-12
195	1.4500E-02	1.66938E-11	4.12140E-11	5.70857E-12
196	1.0000E-02	1.85443E-11	4.57934E-11	6.33868E-12

TAB. 2.10 Continued

VITENDF70.BOLIB Library Total Neutron Fission Spectra for U-235, U-238 and Pu-239.

Group	Upper Energy [eV]	U-235 X	U-238 X	Pu-239 X
197	5.0000E-03	1.11244E-11	2.74760E-11	3.80110E-12
198	2.0000E-03	5.56158E-12	1.37380E-11	1.89996E-12
199	5.0000E-04	1.85377E-12	4.57934E-12	6.33231E-13
	Lower Energy			
	1.0000E-05			

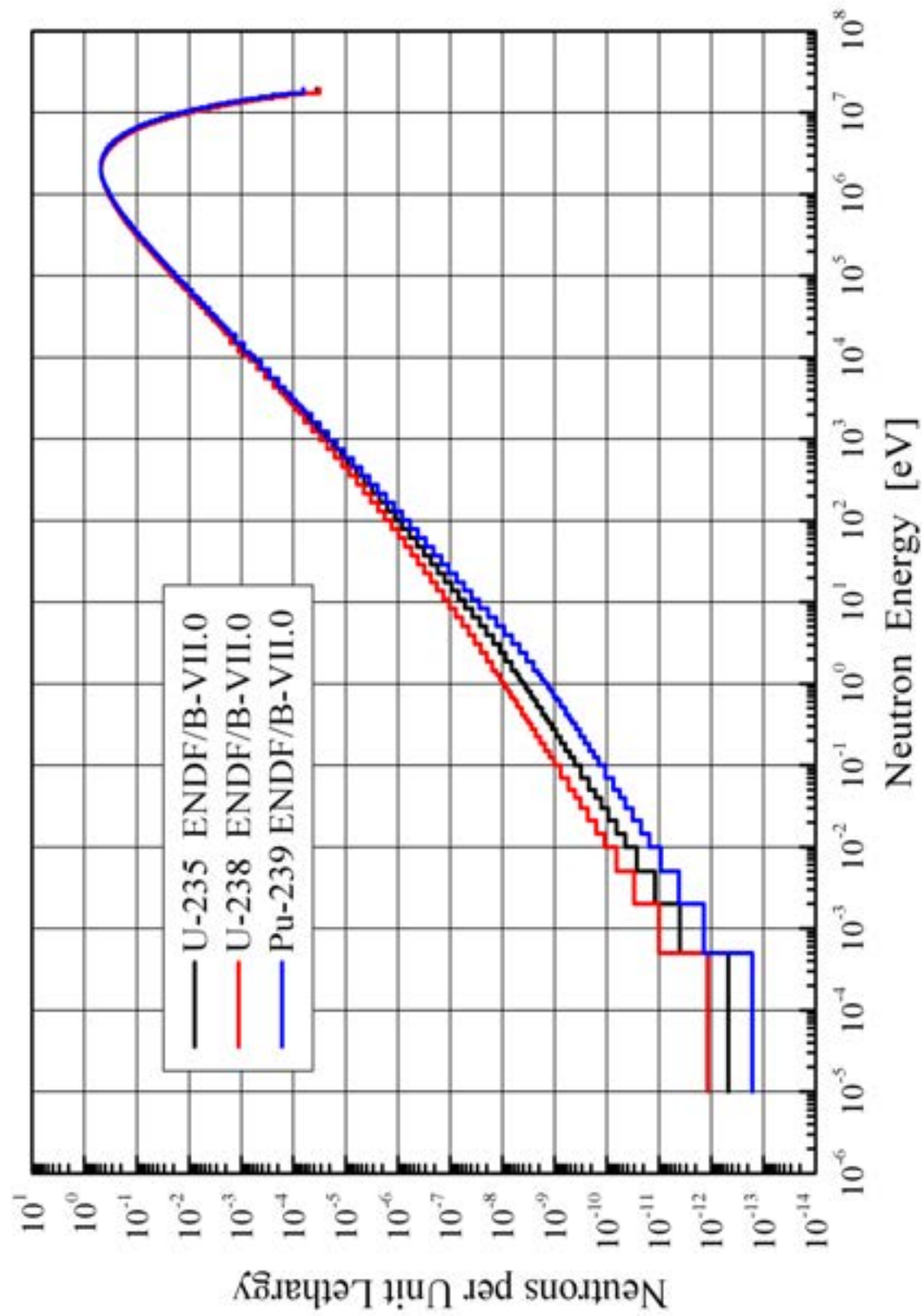


FIG. 2.5 199 Group Representation of the Total (Prompt + Delayed) Neutron Fission Spectrum for the U-235, U-238 and Pu-239 Processed Files Included in the VITENDF70.BOLIB Library. Spectra Averaged on Incident Neutron Energies and Normalized to 1 Neutron per Fission.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 48	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

3 - LIBRARY VALIDATION

3.1 - Reactor Physics Benchmarks

The VITENDF70.BOLIB library was extensively tested on about 80, thermal, intermediate and fast neutron spectrum criticality safety benchmark experiments, taking the compositional and geometrical data for the transport calculations exclusively from the ICSBEP handbook (2004 Edition) /62/ of benchmark specifications.

The k-effective (k_{eff}) results obtained with the VITENDF70.BOLIB library were compared with the results previously obtained (see /6/) in ENEA-Bologna with the VITJEFF311.BOLIB /6/ library.

The ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision /13/ of the SCAMPI /14/ system was used to prepare, through the BONAMI module, the working libraries of neutron self-shielded cross sections for the one-dimensional (1D) and two-dimensional (2D) transport calculations, respectively performed with the XSDRNPM 1D discrete ordinates transport code of the SCAMPI system and the DORT 2D discrete ordinates transport code, included in the DOORS-3.2 /18/ system.

Following the denominations reported in the ICSBEP handbook, the k-effective (k_{eff}) results obtained in the 1D and 2D transport calculations with the VITENDF70.BOLIB library refer to HEU (Highly Enriched Uranium) benchmark experiments (TAB. 3.1), to IEU (Intermediate Enrichment Uranium) benchmark experiments (TAB. 3.2), to LEU (Low Enriched Uranium) benchmark experiments (TAB. 3.3), to a MIX (MIXed Plutonium-Uranium) benchmark experiment (TAB. 3.4), to U-233 benchmark experiments (TAB. 3.5) and to Pu-239 benchmark experiments (TAB. 3.6). The following acronyms are used in the cited tables: NU (natural uranium), DU (depleted uranium) and WC (wolfram carbide or tungsten carbide).

The k-effective (k_{eff}) results obtained with the VITENDF70.BOLIB library are compared in the cited tables with the corresponding results obtained with the VITJEFF311.BOLIB library. It is underlined that in the ICSBEP Handbook it is considered usually reasonable the assumption of a normal probability distribution for the k_{eff} values of the “experimental or benchmark-model” configurations. Consequently the k_{eff} values reported in TABs. 3.1÷3.6 are the mean values of the assumed normal distributions and their associated uncertainties correspond to one standard deviation ($\pm$ sigma) which represents a 68% confidence level.

The one-dimensional transport calculations in spherical geometry were performed with the XSDRNPM code, module of the SCAMPI system, in the P_5 - S_{16} approximation: P_5 corresponds to $L=\ell$ -max, the maximum order of the Legendre polynomial (P_ℓ) expansion of the scattering cross section matrices and S_{16} represents the order of the flux angular discretization. The DORT 2D discrete ordinates code, included in the DOORS-3.2 system, was exclusively employed in the simulation of the IEU-MET-FAST-007 (BIG TEN) (see TAB. 3.2) fast neutron spectrum benchmark experiment with a 2D (R,Z) cylindrical geometry calculation in the P_3 - S_8 approximation.

It is noted that the most part of the results obtained with the VITENDF70.BOLIB library on the U-233 benchmark experiments fall within the experimental or benchmark-model k-effective errors whereas the corresponding results obtained with the VITJEFF311.BOLIB library are always outside the cited experimental errors.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 49	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

3.2 - Shielding Benchmarks

At present no testing of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library was performed on integral shielding benchmark experiments.

TAB. 3.1

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Highly Enriched Uranium (HEU) Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Thermal Neutron Spectrum					
HEU-SOL-THERM-009-001	H2O	$0.99900 \pm (430)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00378	1.00189
HEU-SOL-THERM-009-002	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (390)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00425	1.00236
HEU-SOL-THERM-009-003	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (360)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00342	1.00166
HEU-SOL-THERM-009-004	H2O	$0.99860 \pm (350)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99737	0.99591
HEU-SOL-THERM-010-001	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (290)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00192	1.00123
HEU-SOL-THERM-010-002	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (290)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00255	1.00185
HEU-SOL-THERM-010-003	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (290)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00123	1.00044
HEU-SOL-THERM-010-004	H2O	$0.99920 \pm (290)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99989	0.99906
HEU-SOL-THERM-011-001	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (230)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00517	1.00523
HEU-SOL-THERM-011-002	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (230)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00129	1.00137
HEU-SOL-THERM-012-001	H2O	$0.99990 \pm (580)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00071	1.00111
HEU-SOL-THERM-013-001 (ORNL-1)	--	$1.00120 \pm (260)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99832	0.99892
HEU-SOL-THERM-013-002 (ORNL-2)	--	$1.00070 \pm (360)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99749	0.99797
HEU-SOL-THERM-013-003 (ORNL-3)	--	$1.00090 \pm (360)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99406	0.99442
HEU-SOL-THERM-013-004 (ORNL-4)	--	$1.00030 \pm (360)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99568	0.99599
HEU-SOL-THERM-032 (ORNL-10)	--	$1.00150 \pm (260)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99893	0.99878
Intermediate Neutron Spectrum					
ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{inf}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{inf}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{inf}	VITJEFF311 k_{inf}
HEU-COMP-INTER-004	--	$1.00000 \pm (400)$	Inf. Homogeneous/ P5-S16	1.00970	1.00807

TAB. 3.1 Continued

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Highly Enriched Uranium (HEU) Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Fast Neutron Spectrum					
HEU-MET-FAST-001-001 (GODIVA)	--	$1.00000 \pm (100)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99954	0.99533
HEU-MET-FAST-002-001 (TOPSY)	NU	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00266	1.00095
HEU-MET-FAST-003-001	NU (2in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99576	0.99373
HEU-MET-FAST-003-002	NU (3in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99544	0.99345
HEU-MET-FAST-003-003	NU (4in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00027	0.99825
HEU-MET-FAST-003-004	NU (5in)	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99843	0.99643
HEU-MET-FAST-003-005	NU (7in)	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00251	1.00071
HEU-MET-FAST-003-006	NU (8in)	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00262	1.00092
HEU-MET-FAST-003-007	NU (11in)	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00299	1.00148
HEU-MET-FAST-003-008	WC (1.9in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00962	1.00146
HEU-MET-FAST-003-009	WC (2.9in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01093	1.00364
HEU-MET-FAST-003-010	WC (4.5in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01379	1.00897
HEU-MET-FAST-003-011	WC (6.5in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01733	1.01416
HEU-MET-FAST-003-012	Ni (8in)	$1.00000 \pm (500)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01600	1.00922
HEU-MET-FAST-022-001	Al	$1.00000 \pm (190)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99941	0.99527
HEU-MET-FAST-027-001	Pb	$1.00000 \pm (250)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00019	1.00052
HEU-MET-FAST-028-001 (FLATTOP-25)	NU	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00397	1.00218
HEU-MET-FAST-057-001	Pb	$1.00000 \pm (200)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.98979	0.99425
HEU-MET-FAST-057-002	Pb	$1.00000 \pm (230)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99788	1.00122

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 52	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 3.2

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Intermediate Enrichment Uranium (IEU) Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Fast Neutron Spectrum					
IEU-MET-FAST-007 (BIG TEN) Simplified Model	DU	1.00450 $\pm$ (70)	2D Cyl./ P3-S8	1.00416	0.99714
IEU-MET-FAST-007 (BIG TEN) Two Zone Model	DU	0.99480 $\pm$ (130)	2D Cyl./ P3-S8	0.99705	0.99039

TAB. 3.3

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Low Enriched Uranium (LEU) Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Thermal Neutron Spectrum					
LEU-SOL-THERM-003-003	--	0.99950 $\pm$ (420)	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00163	1.00358
LEU-SOL-THERM-003-006	--	0.99990 $\pm$ (490)	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99869	1.00088
LEU-SOL-THERM-003-009	--	0.99960 $\pm$ (520)	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99757	0.99942

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 53	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

TAB. 3.4

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Mixed Plutonium-Uranium (MIX) Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Fast Neutron Spectrum					
MIX-MET-FAST-001-001	--	1.00000 $\pm$ (160)	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99923	0.99740

TAB. 3.5

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for U-233 Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Fast Neutron Spectrum					
U233-MET-FAST-001-001 (JEZEBEL-233)	--	1.00000 $\pm$ (100)	1D Sph./P5-S16	1.00065	1.00383
U233-MET-FAST-002-001	HEU	1.00000 $\pm$ (100)	1D Sph./P5-S16	1.00020	1.00257
U233-MET-FAST-002-002	HEU	1.00000 $\pm$ (110)	1D Sph./P5-S16	1.00174	1.00342
U233-MET-FAST-003-001	NU	1.00000 $\pm$ (100)	1D Sph./P5-S16	1.00087	1.00575
U233-MET-FAST-003-002	NU	1.00000 $\pm$ (100)	1D Sph./P5-S16	1.00184	1.00719
U233-MET-FAST-006-001 (FLATTOP-23)	NU	1.00000 $\pm$ (140)	1D Sph./P5-S16	1.00138	1.00665

TAB. 3.6

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Plutonium Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Thermal Neutron Spectrum					
PU-SOL-THERM-006-001	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (350)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00095	0.99716
PU-SOL-THERM-006-002	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (350)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00223	0.99843
PU-SOL-THERM-006-003	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (350)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00181	0.99800
PU-SOL-THERM-011-001	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01017	1.00721
PU-SOL-THERM-011-002	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01489	1.01190
PU-SOL-THERM-011-003	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.01697	1.01397
PU-SOL-THERM-011-004	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00951	1.00656
PU-SOL-THERM-011-005 (PNL-5R)	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00659	1.00364
PU-SOL-THERM-011-006 (PNL-3R)	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99453	0.99165
PU-SOL-THERM-011-007	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00052	0.99760
PU-SOL-THERM-011-008	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99712	0.99421
PU-SOL-THERM-011-009	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99376	0.99088
PU-SOL-THERM-011-010	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00378	1.00083
PU-SOL-THERM-011-011 (PNL-4R)	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00043	0.99752
PU-SOL-THERM-011-012	--	$1.00000 \pm (520)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99993	0.99702
PU-SOL-THERM-021-007 (PNL-1)	--	$1.00000 \pm (320)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00699	1.00412
PU-SOL-THERM-021-008 (PNL-2)	--	$1.00000 \pm (650)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00424	1.00226
PU-SOL-THERM-021-009	--	$1.00000 \pm (320)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00748	1.00461
Intermediate Neutron Spectrum					
ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}(\text{pcm})$	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
PU-COMP-INTER-001	--	$1.00000 \pm (1100)$	Inf. Homogeneous/ P5-S16	1.00517	1.00110

TAB. 3.6 Continued

VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB Criticality Calculation Results
for Plutonium Benchmark Experiments.

ICSBEP Handbook Benchmark Name	Reflector	Experimental or Benchmark- Model $k_{\text{eff}} \pm \Delta k_{\text{eff}}$ (pcm)	Geometry/ $P_L - S_N$	VITENDF70 k_{eff}	VITJEFF311 k_{eff}
Fast Neutron Spectrum					
PU-MET-FAST-001-001 (JEZEBEL)	--	$1.00000 \pm (200)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99924	0.99889
PU-MET-FAST-002-001 (JEZEBEL-240)	--	$1.00000 \pm (200)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99966	1.00277
PU-MET-FAST-006-001 (FLATTOP-PU)	NU	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00163	1.00305
PU-MET-FAST-008-001 (THOR)	Th	$1.00000 \pm (60)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99848	1.00124
PU-MET-FAST-009-001	Al	$1.00000 \pm (270)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00492	1.00401
PU-MET-FAST-010-001	NU	$1.00000 \pm (180)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99971	1.00091
PU-MET-FAST-011-001	H2O	$1.00000 \pm (100)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00262	0.99943
PU-MET-FAST-018-001	Be	$1.00000 \pm (300)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	0.99705	1.00200
PU-MET-FAST-023-001	Graphite	$1.00000 \pm (230)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00008	0.99850
PU-MET-FAST-024-001	Polyethylene	$1.00000 \pm (200)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00192	0.99948
PU-MET-FAST-030-001	Graphite	$1.00000 \pm (210)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00377	1.00395
PU-MET-FAST-031-001	Polyethylene	$1.00000 \pm (210)$	1D Sph./ P5-S16	1.00530	1.00385

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 56	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

4 - CONCLUSION

The ENEA-Bologna Nuclear Data Group generated the VITENDF70.BOLIB fine-group coupled cross section library in AMPX format in the same neutron and photon energy group structures ($199\text{ n} + 42\text{ }\gamma$) of the ORNL DLC-0184/VITAMIN-B6 library. This pseudo-problem-independent library is based on the Bondarenko (f-factor) method for the treatment of neutron resonance self-shielding and temperature effects.

The VITENDF70.BOLIB library contains processed data derived from the US ENDF/B-VII.0 evaluated nuclear data library. It was produced with the NJOY-99.259 data processing system through an ENEA-Bologna automatic procedure and it was tested on several thermal, intermediate and fast neutron spectrum criticality safety benchmark experiments.

It is underlined that the BUGENDF70.BOLIB broad-group working library in FIDO-ANISN format, dedicated to LWR shielding and pressure vessel dosimetry applications, was recently derived from VITENDF70.BOLIB and will be freely released. The broad-group library was obtained through problem-dependent cross section collapsing and neutron self-shielding calculations performed by the ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI nuclear data processing system. In particular BUGENDF70.BOLIB has the same neutron and photon group structures ($47\text{ n} + 20\text{ }\gamma$) of the ORNL DLC-0185/BUGLE-96 library, derived from VITAMIN-B6 through problem-dependent cross section collapsing.

The possibility is being studied to obtain from the VITENDF70.BOLIB library a new broad-group working library in FIDO-ANISN format with an increased number of thermal neutron energy groups with respect to those included in the BUGLE-96 library. This to permit more accurate analyses of the thermal neutron and photon radiation damage in applications where these contributions to the total damage are not negligible.

Further testing of the VITENDF70.BOLIB library will continue in future and it is not excluded that new response functions or additional nuclides can be added, also on the basis of possible specific requests.

An analogous data processing activity was recently performed using the JEFF-3.1.1 OECD-NEA Data Bank nuclear data files.

It is believed, in general, that it should be very important to further promote, at the international level (UNO-IAEA, OECD-NEA, industrial organizations, R&D institutions, etc.), not only the development of fine-group general-purpose cross section libraries like VITENDF70.BOLIB and VITJEFF311.BOLIB but also the generation of new working cross section libraries for radiation shielding applications, like BUGENDF70.BOLIB and BUGJEFF311.BOLIB, dedicated to various types of Generation III and IV nuclear fission reactors with different compositional, geometrical and spectral specifications. In fact the availability of these working libraries, derived through problem-dependent cross section collapsing from the previously cited general-purpose libraries, could promote, in particular, the use of the three-dimensional deterministic codes in radiation shielding and radiation damage calculations for nuclear safety. This is increasingly requested, due to the fact that these transport codes (TORT, PARTISN, KATRIN, etc.) reached in the last years an effective

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 57	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

capability of complex geometry description, through modern dedicated pre/post-processor systems (BOT3P, TORTWARE, etc.) for the automatic generation of the spatial meshes.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 58	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

REFERENCES

- /1/ M.B. Chadwick et al., ENDF/B-VII.0: Next Generation Evaluated Nuclear Data Library for Nuclear Science and Technology, Nuclear Data Sheets, Volume 107, Number 12, pp. 2931-3060, December 2006.
- /2/ J.E. White, D.T. Ingersoll, R.Q. Wright, H.T. Hunter, C.O. Slater, N.M. Greene, R.E. MacFarlane, R.W. Roussin, Production and Testing of the Revised VITAMIN-B6 Fine-Group and the BUGLE-96 Broad-Group Neutron/Photon Cross-Section Libraries Derived from ENDF/B-VI.3 Nuclear Data, Oak Ridge, ORNL Report ORNL-6795/R1, NUREG/CR-6214, Revision 1, January 1995. VITAMIN-B6 library available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as DLC-0184 ZZ VITAMIN-B6. BUGLE-96 library available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as DLC-0185 ZZ BUGLE-96.
- /3/ P.F. Rose, ENDF/B-VI Summary Documentation, Brookhaven National Laboratory, BNL-NCS-17541 (ENDF-201) 4th Edition, October 1991.
- /4/ M. Pescarini, R. Orsi, T. Martinelli, A.I. Blokhin, V. Sinita, VITJEF22.BOLIB - A JEF-2.2 Multigroup Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in AMPX Format for Nuclear Fission Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FIS-P815-001, April 16, 2003. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1699/01 ZZ VITJEF22.BOLIB.
- /5/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinita, R. Orsi, VITJEFF31.BOLIB - A JEFF-3.1 Multigroup Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in AMPX Format for Nuclear Fission Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FPN-P9H6-007, February 18, 2008. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1801/01 ZZ VITJEFF31.BOLIB.
- /6/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinita, R. Orsi, VITJEFF311.BOLIB - A JEFF-3.1.1 Multigroup Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in AMPX Format for Nuclear Fission Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report UTFISSM-P9H6-003, November 10, 2011. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1869/01 ZZ VITJEFF311.BOLIB.
- /7/ The JEF-2.2 Nuclear Data Library, JEFF Report 17, OECD-NEA Data Bank, April 2000.
- /8/ The JEFF-3.1 Nuclear Data Library, JEFF Report 21, OECD-NEA Data Bank, 2006.
- /9/ The JEFF-3.1.1 Nuclear Data Library, JEFF Report 22, OECD-NEA Data Bank, 2009.
- /10/ I.I. Bondarenko, M.N. Nikolaev, L.P. Abagyan, N.O. Bazaziants, Group Constants for Nuclear Reactors Calculations, Consultants Bureau, New York, 1964.
- /11/ J.M. Risner, D. Wiarda, M.E. Dunn, T.M. Miller, D.E. Peplow and B.W. Patton, Production and Testing of the VITAMIN-B7 Fine-Group and BUGLE-B7 Broad-Group Coupled Neutron/Gamma Cross-Section Libraries Derived from ENDF/B-VII.0 Nuclear Data, Oak Ridge, ORNL Report ORNL/TM-2011/12, NUREG/CR-7045,

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 59	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

September 2011. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as DLC-0245/02 ZZ VITAMINB7/BUGLEB7.

- /12/ R.E. MacFarlane, NJOY-99, "README0", ORNL, RSIC Peripheral Shielding Routine Collection PSR-0480/02, December 31, 1999.
- /13/ V. Sinita, M. Pescarini, ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision of the SCAMPI (ORNL) Nuclear Data Processing System, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FPN-P9H6-006, September 13, 2007.
- /14/ SCAMPI Collection of Codes for Manipulating Multigroup Cross Section Libraries in AMPX Format, ORNL, RSIC Peripheral Shielding Routine Collection PSR-352, September 1995. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as PSR-0352/05 SCAMPI, version of the ORNL SCAMPI system corresponding to the last ENEA-Bologna 2007 Revision (see /13/).
- /15/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinita, R. Orsi, M. Frisoni, BUGENDF70.BOLIB - An ENDF/B-VII.0 Broad-Group Coupled (47 n + 20 γ) Cross Section Library in FIDO-ANISN Format for LWR Shielding and Pressure Vessel Dosimetry Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report to be published.
- /16/ W.W. Engle, Jr., A Users Manual for ANISN, A One Dimensional Discrete Ordinates Transport Code with Anisotropic Scattering, ORNL K-1693, Updated June 6, 1973. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as CCC-254 ANISN-ORNL.
- /17/ W.A. Rhoades, D.B. Simpson, The TORT Three-Dimensional Discrete Ordinates Neutron/Photon Transport Code (TORT Version 3), Oak Ridge, ORNL Report ORNL/TM-13221, October 1997.
- /18/ DOORS3.1: One-, Two- and Three-Dimensional Discrete Ordinates Neutron/Photon Transport Code System, ORNL, RSIC Computer Code Collection CCC-650, August 1996. Available from OECD/NEA Data Bank as CCC-0650/04 DOORS-3.2A.
- /19/ J.F. Briesmeister Ed., MCNP - A General Monte Carlo N-Particle Transport Code, Version 4C, Los Alamos, LANL Report LA-13709-M, April 2000.
- /20/ R.W. Roussin, C.R. Weisbin, J.E. White, N.M. Greene, R.Q. Wright, J.B. Wright, VITAMIN-C: The CTR Processed Multigroup Cross Section Library for Neutronics Studies, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, ORNL/RSIC-37, 1980. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as DLC-0041/VITAMIN-C.
- /21/ C.R. Weisbin, R.W. Roussin, J.J. Wagschal, J.E. White, R.Q. Wright, VITAMIN-E: An ENDF/B-V Multigroup Cross-Section Library for LMFBR Core and Shield, LWR Shield, Dosimetry and Fusion Blanket Technology, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, ORNL-5505 (ENDF-274), February 1979. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as DLC-0113/VITAMIN-E.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 60	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

- /22/ E. Sartori, VITAMIN-J, a 175 group Neutron Cross Section Library Based on JEF-1 for Shielding Benchmark Calculations, OECD-NEA Data Bank, JEF/DOC-100 Preliminary, October 1985. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as DLC-0113/VITAMIN-E.
- /23/ D.W. Nigg, P.D. Randolph, F.J. Wheeler, Demonstration of Three-Dimensional Deterministic Radiation Transport Theory Dose Distribution Analysis for Boron Neutron Capture Therapy, Medical Physics, Vol. 18, No. 1, Jan/Feb 1991.
- /24/ Computing Radiation Dose to Reactor Pressure Vessel and Internals, State of the Art Report, OECD/NEA Nuclear Science Committee, NEA/NSC/DOC(96)5, 1997.
- /25/ I. Remec, J.A. Wang, F.B.K. Kam, K. Farrel,. Effects of Gamma-Induced Displacements on HFIR Pressure Vessel Materials, Journal of Nuclear Materials, 217 (1994) 258-268.
- /26/ D.E. Alexander, L.E. Rehn, The Role of Gamma Rays and Freely-Migrating Defects in Reactor Pressure Vessel Embrittlement, Proceedings of the 9th International Symposium on Reactor Dosimetry (ISRD-9), Prague, Czech Republic, 2-6 September 1996, World Scientific, p. 508-515, 1998.
- /27/ D.E. Alexander, L.E. Rehn, The Contribution of High Energy Gamma Rays to Displacement Damage in LWR Pressure Vessels, Letter to the Editors, Journal of Nuclear Materials, 209 (1994) 212-214.
- /28/ M. Pescarini, R. Orsi, T. Martinelli, A.I. Blokhin, V. Sinitsa, MATJEF22.BOLIB - A JEF-2.2 Multigroup Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in MATXS Format for Nuclear Fission Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FIS-P815-007, June 6, 2004. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1740/01 ZZ MATJEF22.BOLIB.
- /29/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinitsa, R. Orsi, MATJEFF31.BOLIB - A JEFF-3.1 Multigroup Coupled (199 n + 42 γ) Cross Section Library in MATXS Format for Nuclear Fission Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FPN-P9H6-014, May 5, 2009. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1847/01 ZZ MATJEFF31.BOLIB.
- /30/ M. Pescarini, R. Orsi, T. Martinelli, A.I. Blokhin, V. Sinitsa, ENEA-Bologna Production and Testing of JEF-2.2 Multi-Group Cross Sections Libraries for Nuclear Fission Applications, Proceedings of the International Topical Meeting on Mathematics and Computation, Supercomputing, Reactor Physics and Nuclear and Biological Applications (M&C-2005), Avignon, France, September 12-15, 2005. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FIS-P9H6-012, October 19, 2005.
- /31/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinitsa, R. Orsi, ENEA-Bologna Production and Testing of JEFF-3.1 Multi-Group Cross Sections Libraries for Nuclear Fission Applications, Proceedings of the International Conference on Nuclear Data for Science and Technology (ND-2007), Nice, France, April 22-27, 2007, EDP Sciences, Volume 1, pp. 705-708, 2008. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FPN-P9H6-005, June 7, 2007.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 61	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

- /32/ A.J. Koning, E. Bauge, C.J. Dean, E. Dupont, U. Fischer, R.A. Forrest, R. Jacqmin, H. Leeb, M.A. Kellet, R.W. Mills, C. Nordborg, M. Pescarini, Y. Rugama, P. Rullhusen, Status of the JEFF Nuclear Data Library, Proceedings of the International Conference on Nuclear Data for Science and Technology (ND-2010), Jeju Island, Korea, April 26-30, 2010, Journal of the Korean Physical Society, Volume 59, No.2, pp. 1057-1062, August 2011. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report UTFISSM-P9H6-001, July 8, 2010.
- /33/ R.E. Alcouffe, R.S. Baker, J.A. Dahl, S.A. Turner, R. Ward, PARTISN: A Time-Dependent, Parallel Neutral Particle Transport Code System, Los Alamos, LANL Report LA-UR-08-07258, Revised November 2008. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as CCC-0760/01 PARTISN-5.97.
- /34/ T.A. Wareing, J.M. McGhee, J.E. Morel, ATTILA: A Three-Dimensional, Unstructured Tetrahedral Mesh Discrete Ordinates Transport Code, Transactions of the American Nuclear Society, Volume 75, pp. 146-147, 1996.
- /35/ A.M. Voloschenko, S.V. Gukov, V.P. Kryuchkov, A.A. Dubinin, O.V. Sumaneev, The CNCSN One-, Two- and Three-Dimensional Coupled Neutral and Charged Particle Discrete Ordinates Code Package, Proceedings of the International Topical Meeting on Mathematics and Computation, Supercomputing, Reactor Physics and Nuclear and Biological Applications (M&C-2005), Avignon, France, September 12-15, 2005. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as CCC-0726/02 CNCSN 2009.
- /36/ M.B. Emmet, The MORSE Monte Carlo Radiation Transport Code System, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, ORNL-4972, February 1975; ORNL-4972/R1, February 1983; ORNL-4972/R2, July 1984; ORNL-4972/R3 draft, June 1993. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as CCC-0474 MORSE-CGA.
- /37/ R. Orsi, BOT3P Version 5.3: A Pre/Post-Processor System for Transport Analysis, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FPN-P9H6-011, October 22, 2008. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1678/09 BOT3P-5.3.
- /38/ R. Orsi, The ENEA-Bologna pre-post-Processor Package BOT3P for the DORT and TORT Transport Codes (Version 1.0 - December 1999), JEF/DOC-828, JEFF Working Group Meeting on Benchmark Testing, Data Processing and Evaluations, OECD-NEA Data Bank, Issy-les-Moulineaux, France, May 22-24, 2000.
- /39/ R. Orsi, BOT3P: Bologna Transport Analysis Pre-Post-Processors Version 1.0, Nuclear Science and Engineering, Technical Note, Volume 142, pp. 349-354, 2002.
- /40/ R. Orsi, BOT3P: Bologna Transport Analysis Pre-Post-Processors Version 3.0, Nuclear Science and Engineering, Technical Note, Volume 146, pp. 248-255, 2004.
- /41/ Y. Hirao, K. Ahiko, TORTWARE: Development of an Input-Making Support System for a Three-Dimensional Deterministic S_N Code, TORT, Journal of Nuclear Science and Technology, Volume 47, Number 2, pp. 127-135, 2010.

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 62	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

- /42/ Prediction of Neutron Embrittlement in the Reactor Pressure Vessel: VENUS-1 and VENUS-3 Benchmarks, NEA/NSC/DOC(2000)5, OECD/NEA NSC, 2000.
- /43/ M. Pescarini, M.G. Borgia, R. Orsi, VENUS-1 Benchmark Experiment Details and Results of the ENEA-Bologna Calculations, Second Meeting of the OECD/NEA Nuclear Science Committee Task Force on Computing Radiation Dose and Modelling of Radiation-Induced Degradation of Reactor Components (TFRDD), Paris, France, March 3-4, 1998.
- /44/ M. Pescarini, M.G. Borgia, R. Orsi, T. Martinelli, ENEA-Bologna Validation of the BUGLE-96 ENDF/B-VI Library on the VENUS-1 Neutron Shielding Benchmark Experiment - A Synthesis of the Final Results, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report SIEC KT-SCG-00005, 1999. JEF/DOC-778, JEFF Working Group Meeting on Benchmark Testing, Data Processing and Evaluations, OECD/NEA Data Bank, Issy-les-Moulineaux, France, April 12-14, 1999.
- /45/ M. Pescarini, R. Orsi, M.G. Borgia, T. Martinelli, ENEA Nuclear Data Centre Neutron Transport Analysis of the VENUS-3 Shielding Benchmark Experiment, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report SIEC KT-SCG-00013, March 19, 2001. PDF electronic version included in the NEA-1517 SINBAD REACTOR (ORNL/RSICC - OECD/NEA Data Bank) international data base of fission reactor shielding benchmark experiments.
- /46/ M. Pescarini, R. Orsi, T. Martinelli, Automatic Generation of 3D Fine Mesh Geometries for the Analysis of the VENUS-3 Shielding Benchmark Experiment with the TORT Code, International Conference on Supercomputing in Nuclear Applications (SNA-2003), Paris, France, September 22-24, 2003. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FIS-P815-004, October 22, 2003.
- /47/ Y. Azmy, J.C. Gehin, R. Orsi, Solutions to the MOX Benchmarks with the DOORS Codes DORT & TORT, Appendix D, Summary Meeting on C5G7 MOX Benchmark, Expert Group on 3-D Radiation Transport Benchmarks, OECD/NEA NSC, NEA/NSC/DOC(2002)13, September 17, 2002.
- /48/ E. Botta, G. Saiu, R. Orsi, M. Pescarini, Westinghouse AP1000 Internals Heating Rate Distribution Calculation Using a 3D Deterministic Transport Method, Proceedings of the 13th International Conference on Nuclear Engineering (ICONE-13), Beijing, China, May 16-20, 2005. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FIS-P9H6-009, May 19, 2005.
- /49/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinita, R. Orsi, M. Frisoni, BUGJEFF311.BOLIB - A JEFF-3.1.1 Broad-Group Coupled (47 n + 20 γ) Cross Section Library in FIDO-ANISN Format for LWR Shielding and Pressure Vessel Dosimetry Applications, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report UTFISSM-P9H6-002, May 12, 2011. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as NEA-1866/01 ZZ BUGJEFF311.BOLIB.
- /50/ M. Pescarini, Data Processing and Validation Needs of Group-Wise Working Cross Section Libraries for Nuclear Fission Reactor Shielding and Radiation Damage Applications, Proceedings of the IAEA Technical Meeting in collaboration with NEA on Specific Applications of Research Reactors: Provision of Nuclear Data, IAEA,

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 63	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

Vienna, Austria, October 12-16, 2009, IAEA INDC(NDS)-0574, pp. 218-225, July 2010. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FISNUC-P9H6-001, December 16, 2009.

- /51/ G. Longoni, S.L. Anderson, Reactor Dosimetry Applications Using RAPTOR-M3G: A New Parallel 3-D Radiation Transport Code, Proceedings of the 13th International Symposium on Reactor Dosimetry (ISRD-13), Akersloot, The Netherlands, May 25-30, 2008.
- /52/ F.A. Alpan, S.L. Anderson, A New ENDF/B-VII.0 Based Multigroup Cross-Section Library for Reactor Dosimetry, Proceedings of the 13th International Symposium on Reactor Dosimetry (ISRD-13), Akersloot, The Netherlands, May 25-30, 2008.
- /53/ G. Hehn, A. Sohn, M. Mattes, G. Pfister, IKE Calculations of the OECD/NEA Benchmarks VENUS-1 and VENUS-3 for Computing Radiation Dose to Reactor Pressure Vessel and Internals, Universität Stuttgart, Institut für Kernenergetik und Energiesysteme, IKE 6 NEA 2, December 1997.
- /54/ M. Pescarini, V. Sinitsa, R. Orsi, Generation and Preliminary Testing of ENEA–Bologna BUGLE-Type Group Libraries Based on JEFF-3.1 and ENDF/B-VII.0 Nuclear Data for LWR Shielding and Pressure Vessel Dosimetry, Proceedings of the International Conference on the Physics of Reactors (PHYSOR’08) “Nuclear Power: A Sustainable Resource”, Interlaken, Switzerland, September 14-19, 2008. ENEA-Bologna Technical Report FPN-P9H6-012, October 3, 2008.
- /55/ O.Bersillon, L.R. Greenwood, P.J. Griffin, W. Mannhart, H.J. Nolthenius, R. Paviotti-Corcuera, K.I. Zolotarev, E.M. Zsolnay, International Reactor Dosimetry File 2002 (IRDF-2002), IAEA, Vienna, Austria, Technical Reports Series No. 452, 2006.
- /56/ R. Orsi, M. Pescarini, V. Sinitsa, Dosimetry Cross Section Processing from IRDF-2002 in the BUGLE-96 (47 n) Neutron Group Structure Using Flat and Updated Problem Dependent Neutron Spectra, ENEA-Bologna Technical Report UTFISSM-P9H6-006, May 9, 2012.
- /57/ M. Herman (Editor), ENDF-6 Formats Manual: Data Formats and Procedures for the Evaluated Nuclear Data File ENDF/B-VI and ENDF/B-VII, Technical Report BNL-NCS-44945-05-Rev, Document ENDF-102, BNL, June 2005.
- /58/ M. Mattes and J. Keinert, Thermal Neutron Scattering Data for the Moderator Materials H₂O, D₂O and ZrH_x in ENDF-6 Format and as ACE Library for MCNP(X) Codes, Report INDC(NDS)-0470, IAEA, April 2005.
- /59/ American National Standard, American Nuclear Society, Neutron and Gamma-Ray Cross Sections for Nuclear Radiation Protection Calculations for Nuclear Power Plants, ANSI/ANS-6.1.2-1999 (R2009).
- /60/ N.M. Greene, W.E. Ford III, L.M. Petrie, J.W. Arwood, AMPX-77 - A Modular Code System for Generating Coupled Multigroup Neutron-Gamma Cross-Section Libraries

 Ricerca Sistema Elettrico	Sigla di identificazione NNFISS-LP2-065	Rev. 0	Distrib. L	Pag. 64	di 64
--	---	------------------	----------------------	-------------------	-----------------

from ENDF/B-IV and/or ENDF/B-V, Oak Ridge, ORNL Report ORNL/CSD/TM-283, October 1992. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as PSR-0315/01 AMPX-77.

- /61/ SCALE: A Comprehensive Modeling and Simulation Suite for Nuclear Safety Analysis and Design, Oak Ridge, ORNL Report ORNL/TM-2005/39, Version 6.1, June 2011. Available from OECD-NEA Data Bank as CCC-0785/01 SCALE-6.1.
- /62/ International Handbook of Evaluated Criticality Safety Benchmark Experiments (ICSBEP), OECD-NEA Nuclear Science Committee, NEA/NSC/DOC(95)03, September 2004 Edition.